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KING, REED & CO.,
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## FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

### FOREIGN.

### Prince of Wales.

### RECOVERY PROBABLE.

### Geneva Convention.

### AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE ROYAL PATIENT.

LONDON, December 12.—The official bulletins are as follows: Sandringham, 8 A. M.—The Prince had a very restless night. His delirium was constant, and no signs of improvement. Noon.—The Prince has been restless all morning, and his condition is unaltered.

5 P. M.—There are rumors that incidents have occurred at Sandringham which indicate a more favorable condition of affairs. Nothing definite has yet been given to the public. The report is given with caution.

LONDON, December 12, 5 P. M.—The latest bulletin reads as follows: Sandringham, 5 P. M.—The Prince has been somewhat less restless this afternoon. His general condition is unchanged.

LONDON, December 12, 7 P. M.—Private and unofficial advices from Sandringham and Windsor received by the Central Press News Agency held but some slight hope of a favorable turn in the Prince's disease. The patient's pulse remains strong, which is proof that nature is not completely exhausted. The preparations which were making against an unfavorable result are relaxing. The telegrams sent from Sandringham to Windsor are more reassuring, and the hopes of the Royal household at the castle have been raised this afternoon by the dispatch from Col. Ponsonby. The Princess Alexandra is almost constantly by bedside of her husband. When she is compelled to retire for rest her place is supplied by the Princess Alice. Her Majesty the Queen remains at Sandringham.

SANDRINGHAM, December 12, 10 P. M.—The Prince has passed an unquiet evening, but his prostration does not increase.

NEW YORK, December 12.—It appears from the London *Times* that the Prince contracted his illness at Lord Londesborough's house, near Scarborough, Yorkshire. Several guests who visited the house at the same time were attacked by fever, among them the Earl of Chesterfield, who died since.

Another English journal, in speaking of the Prince's disease, says there seems to be a liability to this kind of attack in the present branch of the royal family. The Duke of Kent, Queen Victoria's father, died from cold and fever, said to have been produced by sitting in his damp boots after returning from shooting. Prince Albert, the Queen's husband, died from the consequences of a neglected cold. The present illness of the Prince is said to have been produced by a chill following the excessive heat of exertion in sporting.

LONDON, December 13.—An official dispatch from Sandringham this morning says the condition of the Prince of Wales is without alteration. The Prince takes food, and has been twice lucid at intervals, but sleep is badly needed. His condition is, however, somewhat more hopeful.

At a meeting of Welshmen last night a vote was passed expressive of condolence with the Queen and Prince Alexandra.

All festivities are postponed.

A cable telegram announcing that prayers have been offered in America for the recovery of the Prince is well received by the English press.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, December 12.—The steamships Allemania, Ville De Paris, Hibernia, Manhattan, Oceanica, Parthia and Spain have arrived out.

BRISTOL, December 12.—The steamship Arragon, from New York, has arrived at this port.

THE GENEVA CONFERENCE.

Lord Chief Justice Cockburn has gone to Geneva to attend the formal preliminary meeting of the Board of Arbitrators under the Washington Treaty.

PRINCESS VICTORIA.

The royal steam yacht Victoria and Albert has been dispatched to bring Princess Victoria, wife of the German Prince Imperial, to England.

TELEGRAPHIC STRIKE.

The strike of the telegraph employes is still kept up. Business on many of the lines has been greatly delayed, and the public is beginning to complain.

CONFERENCE POSTPONED.

LONDON, December 12.—A non-Conformist Educational Conference, which was to have been held at Manchester, has been postponed on account of the illness of the Prince.

STRIKE BREAKING UP.

The strike of telegraph operators is beginning to break up. The employes at one important point have already resumed work, and others are following their example.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

By a railway accident near Sheffield last evening, one man was killed and many injured.

### WEST INDIES.

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

HAVANA, December 12.—To-day and henceforward regular troops will garrison Morro, Cabanna and Principe forts. In view of the arrival of reinforcements from Spain, Valmaseda considers the volunteers relieved from this arduous service. Spain will send to Cuba this month four battalions of troops from the regular army of Spain, besides ten thousand as a reinforcement, which are to follow within one year.

Senor Moreno, the new Governor of Havana, has begun the work of suppressing gambling houses.

### CANADA.

EXCITEMENT.

TORONTO, ONT., December 12.—The excitement regarding the Prince of Wales is intense. The papers are issuing extras every half hour.

ALEXIS.

No public demonstration will be made on the arrival of Grand Duke Alexis, who is expected here on Thursday. He will be received privately by a corporation committee.

### FRANCE.

THE CROWN JEWELS.

PARIS, December 12.—The National Assembly, at its session to-day, adopted, by a vote of 289 to 277, a recommendation from the committee having charge of the subject, for the alienation to the state of the Crown jewels.

### SCRANTON.

No Reduction.

SCRANTON, December 12.—It is authoritatively stated here that the companies operating coal mines in the Lackawanna valley have determined to order no reduction in miners' wages for the new year. All the late rumors about impending suspension are purely sensational.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

A destructive fire occurred at Honesdale, Wayne county, this afternoon, destroying $50,000 worth of property.

### THE RIVERS.

NASHVILLE, December 12.—River falling; 18 inches on Harpeth Shoals. Weather fair and pleasant.

MEMPHIS, December 12.—Weather clear and pleasant. River declining. Arrived—Mollie Ragan, Evansville. Departed—Marble City, Vicksburg; Allen, Arkansas river; Legal Tender, White river; Argosy and barges, New Orleans; Great Republic and Indiana, Cairo.

## NEW YORK.

### Harlem Railroad.

### SUSPENSION OF OCEAN BANK.

### Smugglers Arrested.

### COTTON FAILURES.

### The Internationals.

NEW YORK, December 12, 1871.

THE HARLEM RAILROAD.

An important meeting was held yesterday before the Aldermanic Committee appointed to investigate the injuries which it is alleged the Harlem Railroad does to life and property in the upper part of the city. After an elaborate statement by some of the citizens interested, Mr. W. Vanderbilt said the company wished to meet them in a spirit of conciliation. The committee promised to make an early report.

THE OCEAN BANK.

The Ocean Bank, of which Tweed is a director, was thrown out of the Clearing House to-day, the bank having failed. It is said that the bank will resume in a few days, but it is doubtful. A Receiver has been appointed, and it is believed seventy-five per cent. of the deposits will be paid. A meeting of the stockholders is called.

Theodore M. Davis, receiver of the Ocean Bank, stated to a reporter of the Associated Press that he desired it made known for the satisfaction of out-of-town correspondents, that all collections and checks now in transit for the Ocean Bank will be turned over to the National Park Bank. Davis also states that all depositors will receive every dollar without calling on the stockholders.

The *Express* says the Clearing House of the associated banks held a protracted session this afternoon at the Merchants Bank. The Ocean Bank matter was discussed in all its details. Rumor says that some ugly facts were brought out, which will throw a doubt on the statement that the Ocean Bank will be able to pay in full. Among the reports emanating from this meeting is one to the effect that the Ocean Bank held and counted as legal tender notes memorandum checks of a Government bank official to the extent of $75,000, and further, that this individual was interested in building a canal in the State of Michigan, for which purpose the money obtained on these checks was used. We cannot vouch for the truth of these rumors, but they were freely circulated on the street and generally believed.

The Union Square Bank has been in the habit of making its statements at the Clearing House through the Ocean Bank, and this afternoon it was reported that this institution had been dragged down by the suspension of the Ocean Bank.

The condition of the Ocean Bank on Saturday last, as officially given by the Clearing House, exhibits a deficiency of $234,725, or over fifty-eight per cent.

THE INTERNATIONALS.

A committee of Internationals waited on the Police Commissioners this afternoon, to ask permission to parade next Sunday in honor of Rossel. Mayor Hall, who is, by virtue of his office, a member of the board, was not present, but sent a communication to the effect that he would be glad to meet the Internationals at a public meeting on the subject. This suggestion the committee declined to entertain. The Police Commissioners refused to grant permission for a demonstration on Sunday next, but without expressing any opinion, or giving an explanation, a committee of Internationals, consisting of Banks, Nichols and Fennelly will leave to-night for Albany, and will wait on the Governor to-morrow.

COTTON FAILURES.

There is another cotton failure—that of Schaefer & Co. The amount is unknown. Wright & Co. place their indebtedness at $39,000, and are ready to settle at fifty per cent. The failures are owing to the sudden advance in cotton, while dealers are hampered with contracts. Rumor affects the solvency of other firms, but as the staple was declining at the close of to day, it is hoped that the worst is over. The appreciation in value is owing to the rise in Liverpool under a scant supply, and fears of a short crop.

COUNTERFEITING CASE.

In the Miner counterfeiting case to day Cole's testimony was resumed, and he swore to numerous sales of counterfeit money made to him by Miner, one of which, made in June last, was of $24,000 in counterfeit 10s, for which Cole gave Miner $1,900. This sale took place in Miner's house, where Miner's wife lay dead at the time.

RUMOR UNFOUNDED.

The rumored suspension of the Union Square Bank is unfounded. The officers deny any embarrassment. The report originated in the fact that the clearances were made through the Ocean Bank. The officers of the latter deny that Tweed is one of the directors.

SUNDAY PARADES.

It is generally believed that the Police Commissioners will adhere to their former decision in regard to the International parade, and that the Governor will refuse to interfere. Edward Pierrepont has volunteered to defend the workingmen if arrested.

SMUGGLERS ARRESTED.

John Hartley and Frederick Salle, merchants doing business in this city, were arrested by the detectives of Colonel Whitley's Chicago staff, on a charge of smuggling ten thousand yards of silks from Port Huron, Canada, to Detroit. The officers found nearly three thousand yards of the goods in Michigan.

REFEREE APPOINTED.

A referee was appointed by Judge Friedman to take the testimony of O'Brien, one of the jury in the "Black Friday" case, who is said to have been coerced into a verdict.

STILL IN JAIL.

Comptroller Connolly still remains at the Ludlow street jail. A decision is expected from Judge Larned, at Albany, within a day or two, upon the question of reducing the amount of his bail.

ABSCONDED.

It is said that Jullien has absconded with the proceeds of the late concerts and ball to the Grand Duke, owing his musicians $7,000.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.

A daring but unsuccessful attempt to rob the Perry Street Savings Bank this forenoon was made by Dutch Heinrich and Alex. Hason. The thieves escaped.

BOWLING GREEN SAVINGS BANK.

Judge Cardozo granted the receiver of the Bowling Green Savings Bank leave to sue the debtors of the bank.

FISK-MANSFIELD.

The hearing in the libel suit of Helen Josephine Mansfield against Fisk has been postponed until Saturday.

COLORED JURYMAN.

The first colored juryman in New York was yesterday sworn in in a case before the Marine Court.

ABORTIONIST SENTENCED.

Madame Barns, the abortionist, was convicted and sentenced to seven years in the State Prison.

KILLED.

Another man was run over and killed last night on the Harlem Railroad, near One Hundred and Nineteenth street.

SMALL POX.

Thirty-two new cases of small-pox have been reported since Saturday, and seven deaths.

ARRIVED.

The steamer Nevada, from Liverpool, has arrived.

### COLUMBUS.

Reform School for Boys.

COLUMBUS, December 12.—The annual report of the Reform School for Boys was filed with Governor Hayes to-day. The whole number of inmates in the institution during the year was 519; number discharged during the year, 132, number remaining, 379.

## CONGRESS.

### War Indemnity.

### EQUAL RIGHTS.

### Mississippi Levees.

### TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12, 1871.

SENATE.

WAR INDEMNITY.

The following bill was introduced and referred:

By Mr. WRIGHT, appropriating $3,000,000 for the purpose of paying balances that may be found due under the act to indemnify States for war expenditures.

ADJOURNMENT.

The Senate concurred in the House resolution to adjourn over from December 21 to January 8.

RELIEVED.

At his own request, Mr. Morton was relieved from his position on the Committee on Organization.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MORTON called up the resolution for final adjournment on the third Monday in May.

Mr. SUMNER moved that there be no adjournment until after the passage of a bill securing

EQUAL RIGHTS

Without distinction of race or color. [Laughter.]

Mr. SCHURZ moved to amend by adding bills to reduce the tariff and internal taxation, and to reform the civil service.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved to table the proposition to take up the bill

REMOVING POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

Lost, by 22 to 31.

Without acting on the motion, the Senate went into executive session, and at 1:30 adjourned.

HOUSE.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Various bills were introduced and referred, among which were the following:

By Mr. PECK, for holding a United States District Court at Toledo, Ohio.

By Mr. GALLADAY, resolutions from the Tennessee Legislature for a systematic plan of meteorological observation and crop reports.

By Mr. CALDWELL, granting 500,000 acres of public land for leveeing the Mississippi river in Kentucky and Tennessee.

By Mr. VAUGHN, for United States public buildings at Memphis, Tenn.

SWORN IN.

Mr. Herron was sworn in from Texas.

BILLS, ETC.

Mr. Dawes' resolution directing an investigation into the management of various executive departments was adopted.

The bill consolidating the postal law was passed.

Mr. BINGHAM, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill fixing the first Monday in November, 1872, as the day of Presidential election. The bill was postponed to the second Wednesday in January.

A bill was passed for the relief of purchasers of lands sold for taxes in the insurrectionary States.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

Mr. BANKS, from the Foreign Affairs Committee, reported a bill appropriating $210,000 for the expenses of the arbitrators.

Mr. BANKS explained the necessity for the immediate passage of the bill, as the case on behalf of the United States is to be presented at Geneva on Saturday next, but said that the fullest opportunity for debating the terms of the treaty would be given after the holidays on other points, particularly in regard to the fisheries.

After a long discussion the bill was referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

The House then went into committee and discussed the Apportionment bill, but rose without action.

SCARCITY OF MONEY.

Mr. TOWNSEND, of New York, introduced a resolution instructing the Secretary of the Treasury to ascertain and report whether any of the national banks in New York are interested or concerned in promoting an artificial scarcity of money. Adopted.

Mr. LEONARD MYERS introduced a bill for the better detection and prevention of fraud in the naval service. Referred.

The House then adjourned.

## ANNAPOLIS.

The Wharton Trial.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., December 12.—In the Wharton case Professor Aiken was recalled. In answer to a question he said that he had discovered that the experiment or test described by him before the jury differed materially from the test as described in the summary. The experiment described in the latter is not a test. Witness thinks it a clerical error, not an error of judgment.

The important variance between Aiken's summary or report on his analysis and his testimony before the jury is that he describes two different and distinct experiments in the former. He says that he dissolved some of the white sediment of the tumbler in water, then added some hydrochloric acid, which gave a white precipitate. This was dissolved in an excess of acid; then when this was thrown in water, a white precipitate was given. This does not occur with tartar emetic.

The experiment detailed in the testimony before the jury was different. It described the solution of a substance supposed to be sulphite of antimony in boiling hydrochloric and its subsequent reactions.

A. A. Kleinschmidt, of the firm of Gosman & Co., testified to selling to the prisoner, on 24th and 26th, a small vial of tincture of valerian. Witness gave her an ounce. The prisoner then asked for a small quantity of tartar emetic, saying that she wanted it for a plaster; thinks he gave her sixty grains, which he charged on their books.

N. H. Hulton testified to Mrs. Wharton selling him on June 28th of the finding of a vial of laudanum in Ketchum's bed, by a servant on the day previous, and expressing the wish that he would tell Dr. Williams and no one else.

Several other witnesses were examined, but their testimony was unimportant.

## ALEXIS.

Proposed Programme.

BOSTON, December 12.—The Grand Duke and suite to-day visited several public schools. The Duke appeared highly interested in the schools, and requested the Superintendent to favor him with some of the school statistics, reports and rules and regulations. The following is the proposed route of the Grand Duke: He leaves Boston on Thursday morning for Montreal, arriving there on Friday, and remaining until Monday, when he leaves for Ottawa on Tuesday. He leaves Ottawa for Toronto, remaining until Friday, when he leaves for Niagara, and next day arrives at Buffalo. On Tuesday, 26th, he leaves Buffalo for Cleveland. On Thursday, 28th, he leaves there for Detroit, and Saturday, 30th, leaves Detroit for Chicago. In case of the death of the Prince of Wales, the route may be changed.

## MEMPHIS.

Steamboat Accidents.

MEMPHIS, December 12.—The steamer Celeste, belonging to the Memphis & Arkansas Packet Company, struck a snag near Pine Bluff last evening and sunk in seven feet of water. It is believed she will prove a total loss. She was valued at $12,000, insured in Pittsburgh and Cincinnati for $8,000.

The Pat Cleburne, belonging to the same company, struck a snag about twenty miles above the mouth of the Arkansas yesterday, and knocked a hole in her bow. She took considerable water, damaging her cargo. She reached here to-day and entered a protest. She goes on the docks.

## SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

### THE CAPITAL.

### Specie Payment.

### CONFIRMATIONS.

### Treaty of Washington.

### THE STEAMBOAT LAWS.

### Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, December 12, 1871.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations: John W. Douglass, Commissioner of Internal Revenue; Collector of Internal Revenue—Robt. C. Hulton, for the Fifth District of Michigan. Assessors of Internal Revenue—Shelah Waters, Third District of Tennessee; Wm. L. Warning, New Mexico; Charles T. Harrison, for the Sixth District of Ohio. Collector of Customs—Chester L. Arthur, New York. George Bancroft, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the German Empire. Thomas M. K. Smith, Surveyor of Customs at Omaha. Indian Agents—J. S. Armstrong, New Mexico; Joseph Webster, Santee Sioux Agency; George J. Betts, for Michigan. D. R. Risley, for the Upper Platte Agency; Barclay White, of New Jersey, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Northern Superintendency; W. D. Hughes, Clerk of Assay Office, Boise City; C. A. Martino, Assayer for Boise City; R. P. Andrews, Melter and Refiner at Carson City; John E. Roult, of Illinois, Second Assistant Postmaster General. Postmasters—O. T. Letcher, Bryan, Ohio; Albert Towles, Beatrice, Nev.; Wm. K. D. Johnson, Leavenworth, Ks.

STEAMBOAT LAWS.

The Executive Committee of the National Steamboat Men's Convention assembled this morning in this city, for the purpose of taking preliminary steps to revise the existing steamboat laws, which have proven so burdensome to the owners of all classes of steam vessels. The Committee, of which Thomas Sherlock, of Cincinnati, is Chairman, and Captain B. S. Swan, of Nashville, Secretary, met at eleven o'clock. It was ascertained that twenty-four States would be represented. The draft proposed by the sub-Committee at Pittsburgh, on November 21st, was presented to Congress yesterday by Gen. Negley. The Committee find the Congressmen generally in favor of the desired change in the laws.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will probably fall very generally on Wednesday in the Gulf and Atlantic States, with cloud and rain to-night in the Gulf States, and threatening weather on Wednesday from the lower lakes to the middle and south Atlantic coast. The low pressure in Illinois will probably move east and northeastward, preceded by rain, which will fall in the Middle States, and following to-night by increasing northwesterly winds on Lake Michigan. Areas of rain are apparently developing in Virginia, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Michigan and Louisiana. Cautionary signals are ordered for this evening at Chicago.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

The business to be transacted at Geneva at the meeting of the board of arbitration, under the treaty of Washington, consists in the ratification of the powers of the arbitrators. The British Government proposed to dispense with all, but the Washington cabinet objected, and it will be necessary for all the members of the board to be present in person on the appointed day. It is possible that at the first meeting a complete organization may be effected, but the probability is that nothing will be attempted beyond an exchange of credentials.

ASYLUMS FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

The reports made at the meeting of the managers of the National Asylums for Disabled Soldiers show over four thousand veterans domiciled, and new ones are coming in at the rate of one hundred a week, and will soon tax the Asylums to their utmost capacity. A large amount of detail business was done by the board.

REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL CAUCUS.

The Republican Senators held a caucus this afternoon on the subject of a revival of the Committee on Retrenchment and Civil Service Reform. The debate was free and unconstrained, both in a national and party view. The question was not disposed of.

THE FISHERIES QUESTION.

The Committee on Foreign Affairs will not act on General Banks' bill to carry into effect that part of the treaty of Washington relative to the fisheries until after the holidays, but an effort will be made previously to pass an appropriation of a quarter million for the expenses of the tribunal of arbitration at Geneva.

IMPORTS.

The annual report of the Statistical Bureau shows that the value of imports for direct consumption for the year ending June 30, was $370,967,025, withdrawn from warehouse, $188,630,031; free of duty, $59,162,460; additional and discriminating duties, $461,098; total, $618,758,518; duty thereon $202,446 67.

SPECIE PAYMENT.

The House Committee on Banks and Currency to-day talked over the subject of the resumption of specie payment. It is not probable that definite action will be taken on the subject by the entire committee until after the holidays.

CONTESTED SEATS.

The Election Committee has decided that Clark, Republican, and Henderson, Democrat, are entitled to be sworn in as members from Texas, pending any contest for their seats.

UTAH.

Delegate Hooper returns to Utah next week. He favors the formation of a State constitution acceptable to Congress, preliminary to the action of that body on the admission of Utah.

PERSONAL.

Sir Edward Thornton, British Minister, has returned from his visit to England.

Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, had an interview with the President to-day.

CENSUS EXPENSE.

The entire expense of the census is $8,287,000.

## CINCINNATI.

The Blackburn-Lovell Case.

CINCINNATI, December 12.—It is reported that the jury in the Blackburn-Lovell case delayed the verdict because there were favorable to murder in the first degree, but that none favored aquittal. There was considerable applause at the result, which was promptly checked by the Judge.

CINCINNATI & TERRE HAUTE R. R.

General Robert A. Hunter, of Livingston, Ind., addressed the merchants on Change to-day, relative to the Cincinnati and Terre Haute Narrow Gauge Railway. They ask a subscription from Cincinnati of one hundred thousand dollars, one-half to be paid when fifty miles of the road are ready for ties and iron, the remainder on the completion of the road. The people along the route had subscribed, he said, nearly five hundred thousand dollars, and would soon swell the amount to three-quarters of a million. The road intended to pass through Dearborn, Ripley, Decatur, Bartholomew, Brown, Owen, Day and Vigo counties, Indiana, with a branch running from Bloomington through Green and Sullivan counties to the Wabash river, while the road laps a fine agricultural district. The resources of iron and coal which it reaches are specially urged as an inducement for Cincinnati support.

### Ku Klux Trials.

COLUMBIA, December 12.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day R. Hayes Mitchell, of York, was arraigned under the Ku Klux law on a charge of conspiracy. The jury consists of two whites and ten blacks.

## ST. LOUIS.

Law Books for Chicago.

ST. LOUIS, December 12.—The lower House of the Legislature adopted a joint resolution to donate the Reports of the Supreme Court, a copy of the Session Acts, &c., to the Chicago Library Association. The Senate referred the same resolution to the Committee of Ways and Means.

IRON STEAMSHIP YARD.

Concurrent resolutions were unanimously adopted by the House calling upon Congress to aid in establishing an iron steamship building yard at some point on the western rivers, in conformity to a suggestion of the Secretary of the Navy.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

A gentleman who reached Kansas City on Saturday last informed the Kansas City *Times* that on the Sunday previous a terrible affair occurred in Saline county, Nebraska. A party of emigrants with their families were passing through the county westward, when the cold, constantly increasing, prevented them from going further. They concluded to camp and light a fire. They were in a piece of high prairie, and several miles from any house, but some three miles from them was a piece of timber. After unhitching their teams the men started for this timber to procure fuel. Not returning for several hours, the women left their children and started to hunt them. This is all that is known save that the next day the bodies of seventeen persons who had perished from the intense cold were found. The children who were left in the wagons were the only survivors of the party.

THE RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, December 12.—The gorge above the piers of the bridge moved a short distance this afternoon, but lodged against the break water, and has since been stationary. The gorge at Widow Waters' Landing, twenty-five miles below the city, is expected to break up soon, which will give an open river to Cairo, there being no ice below the former point. The water is very low, however, the pilot of the Hensley, which reached Cairo yesterday from Platen Rock, reporting but two feet ten inches on the bars.

THE WEATHER.

The weather is clear and quite warm, with south winds. Boats will begin loading to-morrow for below.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Y. M. C. A. opened their handsome reading room at New Albany, Ind., on Monday night.

—Jacob Prophater hung himself at Bridgewater, O., on Saturday, during an attack of insanity. He had been in this country only four months, having come from Bavaria.

—A convict named Moses Forenchill, *alias* Charles Morgan, escaped from the Jeffersonville (Ind.) State prison on Monday night. He was from Fort Wayne, Ind., on a sentence for two years for stealing.

—Geo. Botts who was sentenced to be hanged at Newark, N. J., on the 21st inst., for the murder of Pet Halsted, has been reprieved by the Governor, and his execution postponed till Friday, the 26th of January.

—The National Inventors' Association will hold a grand exhibition of national industries, embracing new inventions, works of art, etc., at Central Rink, Cleveland, opening December 21st, and continuing five weeks.

—George Day, a watchman on a tow boat, was arrested at New Albany, Ind., yesterday, for attempting to commit a rape on Fannie Tucker, a young girl aged eighteen. Day was held in five hundred dollars fonds to appear for trial.

—A bridge on the Cincinnati and Indianapolis Junction Railroad, fourteen miles south of Connersville, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on Sunday. The length of the bridge was five hundred feet, and the loss is about $12,000.

—A dispatch from Chillicothe, Ohio, says that the jury in the Blackburn case rendered a verdict yesterday morning of murder in the second degree. A motion was made for a new trial, and the 22d of January was fixed for the hearing. The cost of the trial to the county is estimated at $8,000.

—At a recent meeting of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company the railroads in New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania were consolidated. The organization will hereafter be known as the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company. General George B. McClellan was chosen President.

—George Anderson and John D. Patterson, charged with the murder of Edward Cremmigs, last week, at Enon, Ohio, were arrested at Osborn on Monday. While passing Enon the citizens of that place attempted to lynch them, but were prevented by the officers in charge. The affair creates great excitement in that vicinity.

—A dispatch from Raleigh, N. C., states that both branches of the Legislature had an excited debate upon the recent arrests for alleged Ku Kluxism. The General Assembly authorized the Attorney of the State to apply to the Supreme Court of the United States for a writ of *habeas corpus* to test the legality of military arrests.

—A Rio Janeiro letter of October 6th states that a difficulty between the President and Congress, arising from the attempted appointment of an unpopular minister, occurred in the halls of Congress, in which the people took part. Several were killed and wounded. Many of the disaffected were formerly with Lopez.

—The locomotive attached to the water train of the Illinois Central railroad exploded her boiler on Monday night, near Centralia, Ill., instantly killing Houck, engineer, Brevington, fireman, and Keen, brakeman. The force of the explosion is reported as being terrific, totally demolishing the engine and blowing one of the bodies a distance of two hundred feet.

—An Atlanta (Ga.) dispatch states that a conflict has arisen between the Legislature and Governor Conley, the latter declining to recognize the right of the former to extend its session beyond the legal forty days. On Monday the Governor instructed the State Treasurer not to pay the members. It was rumored at midnight that the President will support the Governor against the Legislature.

### SHARPSBURG ITEMS.

Improvement in the Borough—A Ladies' Fair—A Word to Grumblers, etc.

Our borough affairs are in a quiet condition at present. There are four streets under contract to grade, curb and pave. Some of them are nearly completed, but the frost has stopped the work for the present. A number of new buildings have been put up this season and general improvement is the order of the day. The gas works are nearly completed and light is coming.

Our two banks are doing well and will prove a success.

The ladies fair for the benefit of the First Methodist church of this place is now the centre of attraction. It is being held in the new building of T. H. Gibson. The building is near the depot and in the center of the town, and easy of access for all who desire to attend. This congregation is putting up the finest church building in the Pittsburgh conference, and it is a credit to all concerned.

The following articles are being warmly contested for by the parties named:

Robert Stitt, of the West Penn Road, and Jacob Conner, of the Allegheny Valley Road, for a gold watch. They are each worthy and popular men, and the contest is becoming exciting, and each road will stand by her man.

One of Mellor's finest new organs is contested for by Mrs. Liza Scott, Mrs. Rachel Robinson and Miss Mundance. This contest will be very interesting, and the friends of each party will support their candidate with the needful. Miss Hesson and Miss Welch are after a $120 Florence sewing machine. This run will be a good one. Their friends are with them. There are many other articles in the fair for votes and chances, which I will name at some other time. All parties are doing their level best. The fair rooms are large and well lighted, and all enjoy the sports very much and the supper is the finest ever got up in this place, while the few growlers in this place, who fulfil the Scripture—"strain at a gnat and swallow a camel." Bro. Gilgrist will be with the end of the fair; he will lend his money at double interest, and the interest on the principal, and then swear he has no money on interest and cheat the Government. Elder C. has his religious hours disturbed by the sins of the fair, but a dose of bad whisky or good gin does not hurt him. (Very wise man.)

D. the Grocer, does not like gambling, but when he has an over stock of turkeys will raffle them off. (No sin here.)

Bro. E. he does not see the sins of the fair. But he can tell fibs, and dommit no sin, and he will agree to say prayer if brother Wood would have some one wipe his nose and keep the balance of the congregation quiet. (Good man.)

This is the kind of grumbling we have here, and if they do not let the fair along we will be under the necessity to expose their sins. Our ladie friends deserve great praise for their efforts to sustain the fair and make it a success. They work late and early, and the church is greatly their debtor.

We invite our city friends out to see us and spend an evening occasionally. Dinner on Christmas and we expect a full house. Come friends the church must be paid for, and the house of the Lord out of debt.

SHARPSBURG.

## EDUCATIONAL.

Regular Meeting of the Central Board of Education.

A regular meeting of the Central Board of Education was held yesterday afternoon, at the High School building, on Fulton street.

Members present—Messrs. Craig, Fleming, Getty, Hamilton, Harrison, Hartman, Lewis, Mitchell, McEwen, Nobbs, Praetsch, Rankin, Shaw, Sims, Strain, Taylor, Young and President Wilson.

Mr. Hartman presented the resignation of Mrs. Tassey, preceptress in the High School. The resignation was accepted.

Mr. Nobbs, of the Committee on Teachers and Salaries, reported that an additional teacher had been allowed the Hancock School.

Mr. Sims, from the Committee on Vacation, stated that one week's vacation had been decided upon for the holidays.

City Superintendent Luckey reported that the schools had been open 21 days of November; 232 teachers were employed, including High School teachers. The salaries paid teachers amounted to $15,645.37. Number of male pupils enrolled, 4,669; female pupils enrolled, 4,664; total enrollment, 9,333; average attendance, 7,779; cost per pupil estimated on the enrollment, $1.68; average salary of teachers per month, $67.43. The report was accepted.

Mr. Sergeant reported warrants drawn since last meeting to the amount of $36,858.57. Accepted.

Dr. B. C. Jillson, Principal of the High School, reported that during the month of November, 317 pupils had been enrolled; average attendance 286; new scholars received, 14. Report accepted.

The report of the Finance Committee was read by Mr. Getty, showing, since last meeting, the following transactions:

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| By balance on hand | $28,430 93 |
| By 3,000 bonds sold at par | 3,000 00 |
| By cash from high and mute schools | 277 50 |
| Total | $31,708 43 |

EXPENDITURES.

| | |
|---|---|
| To warrants since November 13 | $ 39,166 18 |
| Balance due Treasurer | 7,457 75 |

Mr. Nobbs from the Committee on Teachers and Salaries reported that the Committee had allowed the Hancock sub-district an extra teacher of the primary grade. Report was accepted and action of Committee approved.

Mr. Sims of the Committee on Vacation reported that they had decided to give a vacation to the public schools, commencing Friday, December 22d, and ending Tuesday morning the 2d day of January.

Mr. Craig, of the Visiting Committee, regretted that as a general thing the pupils of the High School were very deficient in elocutionary exercises. He recommended that as soon as there is a vacancy, a teacher of elocution be elected.

Report accepted and filed.

Mr. Nobbs called up the resolution presented at the last meeting for the division of the Howard school district into two districts. He moved that the prayer of the petitioners be granted, to take effect next July; the lines to be the same as those that divide the ward (16th) into two election precincts.

Mr. Praetsch, member from the district, said that the citizens of the upper part of the ward (Bloomfield) were greatly in favor of the division, but those in the lower part thought that it would be wiser first to pay off the large debt that they have now on hand, as the interest on the debt (over $4,000) was enough to pay now; it taxes all the energies of the ward. However, as a majority of the people in the upper district wanted the division, no objection would be made by the school board.

Mr. Craig moved that a special committee of three be appointed to take the matter of the division of the ward into consideration, and that Messrs. Praetsch, Craig, Mitchell and Hamilton were appointed.

A recommendation was passed instructing the High School Committee to advertise for a preceptress to take the place of Mrs. Tassey, said preceptress to be fully competent to teach an elementary class.

Mr. Nobbs presented the following:

*Resolved*, That the Secretary be instructed to notify all subdistrict boards, where the average attendance of pupils is below the number required for the teachers employed, that in case of vacancies, no new teacher will be appointed until the attendance has reached the required standard.

The Visiting Committee for this month is composed of the following gentlemen: Messrs. Sterrett, Rankin and Praetsch.

Mr. Harrison moved that the matter of giving schools vacations, be referred to the committee on teachers and salaries, with instructions to report at next meeting.

Several bills were read and ordered to be paid if endorsed by the proper committees.

The list of appointments for tutors of the Oakland Board was read and allowed.

On motion, adjourned.

## EAST BIRMINGHAM COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting Last Night—The Consolidation Question—Roglige.

The regular meeting of East Birmingham Council was held last evening. Burgess Jones in the chair.

On motion of Mr. Haberman a committee of three was appointed to inquire into the propriety of having a stationary engine at the foot of Twenty-first street to pull the cars up that street, and regulate them with lock rubber.

A citizen complained that the side-walks on Main and Valley were blockaded by machines from Campbell, Jones & Co.'s planing house.

On motion of Mr. Haberman, a committee of three was appointed to examine the matter and report at next regular meeting.

Mr. Solzenback asked permission to erect a bridge over the railroad at the foot of Twenty-first street. Granted.

Mr. Haberman, from the Finance Committee, asked for instructions in reference to the ten $500 bonds which had been paid and were now out in the hands of parties not known.

Mr. Hahn moved that the Finance Committee, in conjunction with the Solicitor of the Borough, be instructed to cause the arrest of those who abstracted the warrants. Carried.

Mr. Haberman, now that the guilty party was discovered, was in favor of his immediate arrest.

The Burgess read a communication from Chess, Bigelow & Co., asking that the basement order curbstones to be placed on Wharton street near Merriman's alley. Referred to Street Committee.

Burgess Jones stated that St. Clair Borough had called a meeting on Saturday to consider the subject of consolidation with Birmingham and East Birmingham.

On motion of Mr. Ihmsen the Council was appointed a Committee of the Whole to confer at Birmingham and St. Clair boroughs with a view of discussing consolidation.

A number of small bills were read and warrants ordered to be drawn for their payment.

The Sanitary Committee reported the following expenditures: Bedding, &c., destroyed, $56.40; services, $154.00; vaccination, $253.37; livery hire, $2.24. Total, $466.01.

The police expenditure amounts to $255.08, and for keeping small pox cases at Mercy Hospital, $65.

On motion, adjourned.

## BEAVER, PA.

The Beaver Seminary and Musical Institute.

This flourishing institution, under the control of Dr. R. T. Taylor, is about closing one of the most prosperous terms in its history.

The Seminary Hall that the Doctor was compelled to build on account of not having room enough to accommodate his pupils, is being rapidly filled, and we hope at the opening of the next term the few vacant rooms will be taken.

We had the pleasure of being present at a literary and musical entertainment, given at the Seminary by the "Young Folks' Society" last Friday evening. This society is composed of the young Misses of the institution, under the direction of the worthy preceptress, Miss Magee, who takes particular pains in training the young in literary truths. The programme was as follows: Chorus, "The Shepherd of the Valley." Song, "Gipsy Gentry, Rose Andriesson. Essay, "Thanksgiving," Ella Robinson. Recitation, "Town Tattlers," Lizzie Davidson. Song, "Lingering at the Garden Gate," Annie Beacom. Essay, "School Girl's Pike," Lizzie Davidson. Select reading, Edith Taylor. Music, "Canary Polka," Robinson. Recitation, "The Grandfather," Ida Mc

# DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 13, 1871.


BONDS at Frankfort 97¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 46f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 109½@109¾.

THE *American Agriculturist*, published each month by Orange Judd & Co., 245 Broadway, New York, has closed its thirtieth volume, and is even more fresh and vigorous than when it commenced its career thirty years ago. It is one of the very best publications of its kind, and no other that we know of enjoys half as large a circulation. It is profusely illustrated, and contains the most useful hints for farmers at all seasons of the year. Its editors are men of literary culture and practical experience in agriculture.

NEW YORK is engaged in the admirable task of trying to make use of her criminals. Or, better, she is trying to make her vile and wicked boys grow to be useful men. With this intent an experiment has been made, and a number of boys, guilty of small crimes or handed over by their parents as incorrigible, were placed on board the school ship Mercury and taken upon a voyage. The idea was to give these young rascals practical training as sailors, and also to cut them off from outside contamination while bringing good influences to bear upon them. The Mercury started for the coast of Africa in December 1870, for the nominal purpose of taking a scientific survey, for it is deemed to be desirable to interest as many as possible of these young reprobates in the scientific and higher branches of navigation, in order to give as many outlets as possible to the energy and the desire that are within them. The Commissioners of Charities and Correction have just published a report of the results of the cruise, from which we learn how the Mercury, starting from Sierra Leone, sailed westward crossing the Atlantic near the equator and taking observations and soundings at brief intervals during the voyage. A record was also kept of the temperatures of the water and the speed, depth and other peculiarities of the different currents, and numerous specimens of water and deep sea soil were brought home. Drawings were made of the results of many of the surveys, and the boys took an interest in the thing and were kept under strict discipline all the time. It is believed to have proved to be a very successful experiment and it is intended to try to have Congress give the Secretary of the Navy power in enlisting for the navy, to discriminate in favor of the graduates of such school-ships.

## COAL AGAIN.

"The Pittsburgh Coal Kings have been agitated and irritated by the criticisms upon their syndicate and the policy of fixing prices by decrees in this and other markets, and they have at last loaded, primed and fired the old Pittsburgh GAZETTE. A part of the discharge is, we believe, aimed at us, but the slugs fly mainly in the direction of the Cincinnati coal dealers, who are soundly taken to task for want of enterprise and a habit of allowing the Pittsburghers to tie up their boats for nine months. We are inclined to think that a little more vigorous friction of the rough edges of the Cincinnati and Pittsburgh coal dealers will be healthy."—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

The first sentence in the above silly paragraph is manifestly untrue, for after the coal dealers of Cincinnati showed their penuriousness and obstinacy, as well as short-sightedness by refusing to purchase our coal at fourteen cents per bushel, thereby "syndicating" us, which the *Commercial* is so soured and displeased, at once and justly, advanced the price to a figure justified by their recent outlays and losses. The Cincinnati consumers, we see by the quotations of the *Commercial*, are now obliged to pay twenty-two cents per bushel; whereas, had the dealers bought at the prices of the "syndicate," they could supply their customers at eighteen cents per bushel, and at that price, could have realized a greater profit than the Pittsburgh operator, not counting his losses by marine disasters at all. The *Commercial*, in common with all uninformed and wilfully blind people, attributes the high prices of coal at Cincinnati to the exorbitant demands of our Pittsburgh operators, and evades our argument, that at certain seasons of the year, the Cincinnati dealers can fill up their yards at prices barely above the cost of the article to the operator.

The "Pittsburgh Coal Kings" as the *Commercial* calls our coal operators, had nothing to do either with the "loading" or the "firing off" of our article; not a single one of them had expressed a word or a written line to the writer upon that subject, and what we wrote was from our own personal knowledge of the business, derived through a residence at Cincinnati, as well as at Pittsburgh, and a perfect familiarity with the details, the trials, the losses and the profits of the coal trade, and we are not now and never have been in the coal business, nor interested financially in its progress. We wrote as a Pittsburgher to reply to the oft repeated unwarranted attacks of the Cincinnati press upon our coal men, and we are glad to find from the *Commercial* that "our slugs" were not discharged in vain, but that our "vigorous friction" has justly touched some of the "rough edges of the Cincinnati coal dealers." May it do them and their customers good. If it shall, our labor will not have been in vain, and our purpose will have been accomplished.

"We shall be obliged to the Cincinnati *Commercial* if it shall send us a list of the barges of coal 'stuck' or 'sunk' in the Ohio, which may hereafter reach their destination. Should the river rise suddenly, and carry out the heavy ice, not one of them could be saved, but all would prove a total loss, amounting to sixty or seventy thousand dollars.—PITTSBURGH GAZETTE."

It may be difficult to obtain the list, but we will try. We know one company that has reported fifteen boats "lost." Thirteen of the boats are safe and sound—only stuck. The remaining two are broken, and the coal is being saved. Do the Pittsburgh papers all belong to the coal kings? Why do they not attempt to tell the truth about the coal question?—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Any one acquainted with river navigation will bear us out in the above assertion, viz: that a winter rise in the river usually sweeps away all temporary obstructions in the river, and the heavy ice will smash a coal barge to atoms, as easily as it would break an egg shell. So far from the query of the *Commercial*, as to the ownership of the Pittsburgh press being liable to be answered affirmatively, we will say that we do not know of a Pittsburgh coal dealer who has a dollar invested in newspapers, *nor do we know one* in the Ohio river trade who even advertises his business in the papers. So far as the GAZETTE is concerned, its proprietors are under no personal or business obligations to either "coal men" or any one else, which could induce them to say otherwise than the *truth* upon this, or any other subject. We have tried to write of this matter in an impartial and truthful manner, withholding no blame where it was due, and giving to all full justice. Can the Cincinnati *Commercial* say this much with reference to its treatment of this subject?

Again says the *Commercial*:

"It is a clear case—the insolence of the papers we cut from the Pittsburgh papers make it plainer than ever—that Cincinnati must be emancipated from the Coal Ring despotism."

Keep your temper, good friend; if pork was once worth *forty* dollars a barrel, and is now worth only *thirteen*, that is no reason why *you* cannot afford to pay *fourteen* cents a bushel for Pittsburgh coal, when Chicago pays on an average twenty-two and a half cents, and pays it willingly, too, because we have no water communication with that progressive and prosperous city. We say again to Cincinnati, build your railroad to the new coal fields; but we will continue to sell you *our coal* at fair prices, just as long as the Ohio river runs between us; and *you* will continue to pay *higher* for it, than for any other in your market, simply because it is better.

## "IN THE DARK."

It is by no means an unusual thing to find the political vision of the New York *World* greatly obscured. It sees nothing only through the ever dim glasses of Democracy. Its visual organs are so completely deranged, and the cataract of blind devotion to party has grown so thick on its shrunken eye-balls, that the clear and fact revealing spectacles of Republicanism are of as little use to it as Russian pebbles would be to a blind man. And yet, there are none so blind as those who will not see, none so deaf, ignorant and stupid as those who will not hear nor be convinced. At last our sightless neighbor confesses to be "in the dark." This will not be news to many thousands who have watched the uneven steps of the New York magnate, since, unable to maintain an exclusively religious character, it plunged violently into the purlieus of Democratic iniquity. It has floundered in the quagmire of Tammany corruption and dishonesty, until now, besmeared with filth, weary, and in a state of complete exhaustion, not having even stumbled on the object of its search, it exclaims, "We are left completely in the dark!"

This despairing wail has been drawn from the depressed heart of the great Goliah of Democracy, who has strutted with a gait of bold defiance for years, and looked with a scowl of contempt on the strippling warrior who has smitten him and his Philistinic hosts to the grave of political death, after reading the miserable and vulgar platitudes of an editorial "sport," in which he assails the President of the United States in the most wanton and vindictive manner, merely because he has not become converted to the one term principle. But in all this the *World* can find no very flattering unction to lay to its troubled and highly exasperated soul. It chuckles over the coarse and ribald tirades to which the *Spirit of the Times* gives vent, but in it all it cannot discern a single ray of hope. It is true that the sporting editor pledges himself to wage a relentless war against the re-election of President Grant. But the *World* cannot see how war can be successfully waged and victory achieved, without officers to command and men to do the fighting, and neither the one nor the other is guaranteed, nor even promised by the chivalrous *Times*. "We fail to find," says the *World*, "in this first attack the information now sought after above all others—to what extent this movement is taken hold of by the prominent men in the Republican party. We are given circumstantial facts in regard to a consultation with Democrats, who are invited into the movement, but nothing showing to what extent the influential men in the Republican party are ready to break loose from the patronage of Grant and work for his defeat. The question which the public now want to know above all others is: Are there any considerable number of leading men in the Republican party, who have heretofore been looked upon as the leaders of the masses of that party, who are ready to stand in the breach, raise to the breeze their banner of opposition to Grant, stand by it and fight under it, irrespective of the seductive influences of the patronage and places under Grant?" For the best reason in the world, nothing is said, directly and personally, about men of greater or less prominence in the Republican party raising the banner of opposition against President Grant, because, like angels' visits they are few and far between. Perhaps reliance may be placed on one Senator, who has betrayed the party which elected him to the highest position which he can hold in the Republic, and a few lesser lights, but as our philosophic contemporary of the *Tribune* would say, one, or a number of straggling swallows will not make a political Sumner.

The Democracy are wise in that they count the cost before they begin to build a house for shelter and habitation for the converts of new departurism. They have sufficient wisdom to see that no structure can be successfully reared, or made substantial enough to resist the storm of opposition from the solid phalanx of patriotic Republicans, whose devotion to party ascendency is based upon principle and not on selfishness, political vanity and an unbounded love for notoriety, that is composed of such discordant elements as Republicanism and Democracy. Each, in the estimation of the other, is untempered mortar. The elements are too weak and discordant to hold together. Light and darkness can have no communion with each other. The materials are too scant with which to raise the superstructure, even if they were concordant and harmonious.

The *World* will not be satisfied with "glittering generalities" on this subject. It loves the ideal, but it must have the real. "There is something," it admits, "said about distinguished Senators, politicians, and journalists of the Republican party meditating a 'new departure' against political corruption and the defeat of Grant, but it requires something besides meditating. Before the Democracy can throw their entire influence and pledge the party to co-operate with this much talked of movement of anti-Grant Republicans, it will be necessary to know that something is being done besides meditating." A wise consideration for a man who is "entirely in the dark." Meditations are not of much account unless they are carried into operative and practical effect. The ass may snuff up the wind, but it will be a long time before it grows fat on it. By uniting with disaffected Republicans, the Democracy will only be snuffing up the wind. If they sow to the wind of disaffection they must reap the whirlwind of defeat, which will be still more inglorious because of the alliance which will be unable to prevent it. It will all end in meditation which "alone will not be sufficient to save" the discordant allies.

The matter is not shrouded in darkness at all. It is as clear as noon-day. The light is everywhere manifest, the fault is in the vision. All colors are alike to a blind man. There are very few prominent Republicans—indeed few—whether leaders or not, that will raise a voice against the re-election of President Grant. Why should they? Has he not redeemed all the pledges he ever gave? Has he not faithfully administered the affairs of the nation, and largely reduced the public debt? Neither the leaders, nor rank and file of the Republican party, are prepared to oppose General Grant's re-election to please the whims and gratify the vanity of a few, and a very few, disappointed place-hunters. After the election of 1872 the *World* will be "more in the dark" as regards the men who are opposed to Grant than it is now.

A NEW style of receptions is where a number of persons are invited to meet at a friend's house on a certain evening, and where it is expressly understood that nothing but French is to be spoken during the evening.

## How the Cholera Lies Dormant and Re-appears.

The *British Medical Journal*, noticing the fortunate respite from the invasion of cholera in England, caused by the timely arrival of cold weather, adds that it is but a respite, and continues with these remarks, which are as applicable to this country as to England:

During the cold season the low temperature arrests the extension of the disease; it does not extinguish it or destroy the power of subsequent activity in the particles of contagion which await the return of a higher temperature. The Russian experience of 1847 is still at hand to teach us. The epidemic which had become general at the close of 1847 appeared to be brought to an end by the severe winter of 1847-48. From the 1st of February, 1848, there were no more cholera deaths, and every one supposed the outbreak to be over. But the months of April and May of that year dispelled these illusions. Cholera reappeared everywhere in its haunts of the previous year, and spread with frightful rapidity throughout the whole Russian Empire. The number of deaths in all Russia in the month of July, 1848, is stated by Dr. Chasseaud, of Smyrna, in his Prize Essay, just published at Constantinople, to have amounted to 80,000 weekly. The existing state of things at Constantinople, and the history of the German choleraship which has just reached New York, show that a present sense of security is based upon data which are merely local and superficial.

## Meeting of the National Wool Grower's Association.

A meeting of the National Wool Grower's Association will be held at Syracuse, N. Y., December 20, 1871, at 12 o'clock M. The principal objects of the meeting will be to take into consideration the present state of the wool interests of the country—the effect produced on those interests by the Wool and Woolen Tariff of 1867—and the proper means to counteract the effort now organizing to procure the repeal of that law in the ensuing session of Congress. It is hoped the State Wool Grower's Associations, will be well represented in the meeting. The invitation to attend is also extended to all wool growers, wool manufacturers, and other persons interested in those industries, of whatever State they may be residents, who are favorable to the objects of the meeting. Gentlemen from other States besides New York are requested to report themselves on their arrival, to the Secretary, at the Syracuse House.

HENRY S. RANDALL,
Pres't N. W. G. Ass'n.
CORTLAND VILLAGE, N. Y., Nov. 29, 1871.

A PARTY OF BOYS belonging to the division known as "mischievous" and dwelling within the limits of the State of Michigan, have lately perpetrated a practical joke that is worthy of record. Most persons dislike practical jokes. This remark applies particularly to the well-to-do citizen that has stopped to pick up a red-hot penny on the first day of April, or the corpulent individual whose chair is never where it ought to be when he attempts to take a seat, or in fact to any of the numerous victims of "mischievous" urchins. But these lads played a good joke on the community and no one was hurt. They quietly stuffed an old suit of clothes with straw and buried it in the ground; they then killed a couple of chickens and spilled the blood plenteously over and in the vicinity of the grave, after trampling the ground in order to give it the appearance of having witnessed a terrible struggle. As they had hoped, the hurriedly made grave and the blood were discovered, suspicions of a dreadful deed of murder were quickly raised, the coroner was summoned in haste, a jury empannelled, and an inquest prepared for. Coroner, jury and the horror-stricken crowd of bystanders "acknowledged the corn" when the straw dummy was exhumed.

THE MORE we think of the matter, and the greater the number of facts which come under our observation, the stronger is our inclination to believe in a distinct suicidal tendency of the human mind. The phrenologists, whose technological classification is infinitely better than their fundamental theory, assign an "organ" to love of life, and call it "vitativeness." Nothing but an absolute predisposition to suicide, resulting, we may conjecture, from inefficient "vitativeness," can account for the *felo de se* of a mere child; and instances of this are far from uncommon, melancholy, from all points of view, as the facts may be. A case which we find in the London papers is suggestive. Mary White, aged 46, hung herself lately, "because her husband scolded her for speaking to the lodgers in the house." It was in evidence before the coroner that the deceased was of a kindly disposition, though she had frequent quarrels with her husband. Her farewell missive, curiously enough, she left chalked on the back of a large tea-tray. It was as follows: "Dear Jim—You have driven me to do this little affair. Be good to the dog, and ask Mrs. Little to be kind with the birds."

MR. D. A. A. BUCK, jeweler, of Worcester, Mass., has built the smallest engine in the world. It is made of gold and silver, and fastened together with screws, the largest of which is one-eighth of an inch in size. The engine, boiler, governor and pumps stand on a space seven-sixteenths of an inch square and seven-eighths of an inch high. Perhaps a better idea of its smallness will be conveyed by saying that the whole affair may be completely covered with a common tailor's thimble. The engine alone weighs but fifteen grains, and yet every part is complete, as may be seen by a microscopic examination; and it may be set in motion by filling the boiler with water and applying heat, being supplied with all valves, &c., to be found upon an ordinary upright engine. To attempt an estimate of its power would seem like rather small business, but for a guess, a span of well fed fleas would furnish more force if they were properly harnessed and shod. The little thing would tug away several minutes if encouraged by a drop of water heated by the application of a burnt finger.—*Hartford Post.*

A PRETTY good story as to the inventive abilities of the editor of the Springfield *Republican* has been going the rounds of the press and deserves to be recorded among the archives of the reading-room. The gentleman is a farmer as well as an editor, and his hens refuse to awake at "cockcrow," the reason given being that "in countries as cold as New England the hens are apt to roost an hour or two after the sun rises." In order to remedy this state of affairs, the editor of the *Republican* has hit upon an ingenious "invention which will add largely to the value of poultry throughout the country." This invention consists of a patent hen-roost, the peculiarity of which is that there is an astronomical contrivance attached to the roost, by means of which the slumbering hens are gently tumbled off their perch exactly at daybreak. Such a thing ought to work well with other bipeds. It may be seasonable to add that there is but little ground for believing that the distinguished gentleman referred to has actually patented any such contrivance.

A GLANCE at Mexican politics is not encouraging. Porfirio Diaz, leader of one of the three parties into which the people were divided at the last election, has issued a proclamation, in which he proposes not only to do away with the present government, but also to disregard the constitution entirely, call an assembly of the notables, and establish a pure military dictatorship. Whatever may be the faults of the Mexican people, they are sincerely attached to a republican form of government. Consequently, this manifesto has had the effect of uniting the other two parties in support of the constitution. At present the prospects of success among the insurrectionists are not very brilliant. In such a turbulent country as Mexico, however, it is impossible to foretell with any certainty what a day may bring forth. Could a staple government remain in existence long enough to push forward internal improvements which would bring in fresh life and energy from abroad, some hope might be entertained of the ultimate regeneration of the country.

P. S. GILMORE has returned home fully assured of the success of his contemplated monster musical peace jubilee. During his absence he has visited England, Prussia, Austria, Russia and Switzerland, together with many of the principalities and lesser governments of Europe, receiving on all sides the most courteous treatment, and from every government the most positive assurances of assistance and co-operation. The musical circles of all the great cities of the Continent accepted the idea with enthusiasm, and in England preparations are making for the formation of a monster chorus of five hundred voices, selected from all parts of the kingdom, to accompany the band. Many of the eminent composers of Europe expressed their determination to be present, and some of them are already engaged on pieces which will be given to the world for the first time under the roof of the new Coliseum.

AT Portsmouth, N. H., recently, a lamp left burning in a private residence was overturned late at night, and would have destroyed the house had not a favorite parrot, noticing what had happened, cried out, "fire, fire, fire," so lustily that the family was aroused and extinguished the flames.

A WORKMAN at Colt's armory, who has (or had) a very long beard, flowing down upon his breast, was the other day at work upon a small lathe revolving rapidly. He said he "felt something tickling his beard," and looking down, saw some of the longest hairs touching the lathe. Quick as a flash, before he had time to think of his danger, the longest hair of his beard caught in the lathe and wound him up; the next he knew the lathe was nearly turning out the inside of his nose, cutting out the cartilege that separates the nostrils; then, with a mighty effort, he straightened up, saving himself from further operations on the lathe by pulling out a handful of beard a foot long and as large round as his wrist—which will be handy for his wife to use as a "switch." His injuries are painful, but not dangerous.—*Hartford Courant.*

A GENTLEMAN of New York recently went to Europe for the purpose of being married to an American lady residing with her parents in Dresden, but on his arrival was informed that she had eloped the week before with a Polish Count.


## BETHINK AND BELIEVE.

There is no doubt—there can be no doubt, that in the various investigations which science has made she has added to the trophies of the past, and what we see in material development is also going on in the other departments of life. Consumption, once the terror of the human family, is now partly shorn of those terrors. You can meet it at the threshold and dispute its invasion by that more than wonderful medicine, Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, which has done more for its cure than all the remedies that have preceded it. We read every week of cures that Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure has made. We see those on the streets in the full enjoyment of life, who once were apparently on their way to the "narrow house." Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure has again relit the lamp of life and sent these once suffering invalids on their way rejoicing. Price $1.50 per bottle or 4 bottles for $5 at 167 Liberty street.

## FRESH ARRIVAL.

CONGRESS WATER! CONGRESS WATER!
Twenty-five cases direct from the Springs, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S
Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

The new and splendid stock of Drugs, Fine Sponges, all kinds, every size, shape and form. Toilet articles, all styles. Toilet Sponges, the finest quality in the city, at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE AND FAMILY MEDICINE DEPOT.
Corner of Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) street.

## SHOCKS TO THE SYSTEM.

The first shock of winter tells tremendously upon enfeebled systems. Every one knows that in passing from a warm region to a cold one, or vice versa, the body requires as a protection against epidemics, an acclimating medicine. All travelers and voyagers admit this. It is equally necessary to acclimate the system in passing the confines of one season and entering upon another. Autumn is gone and winter is here. Prepare the frame and the constitution to meet the change by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This inestimable vegetable tonic increases the stamina of strength of those who take it, and renders them proof to a great extent against the devitalizing power of cold and damp. These two agents are as prolific of disease as tropical heat, and animal vigor—such vigor as this healthful and pure tonic diffuses through the whole organization—is a repellant which they cannot master. A large proportion of the colds, catarrhs, and pulmonary complaints which prevail in winter, might be avoided, by strengthening and regulating the system in advance with this invigorant and alterative. Not that it is recommended as a specific for those complaints, but as a preventive of their causes. On the other hand, it is not only a preventive of, but a specific for the indigestion, intestinal irregularities, malarious fevers, bilious attacks, and nervous affection, superinduced by a chilly and damp atmosphere.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## *Furs, Furs, Furs!*

## M'CORD & CO.
131 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Respectfully call the attention of their customers and the public to their very extensive stock of Ladies, Misses and Children's FURS, embracing every quality and style.

Elegant Seal Skin Sacques,
Elegant Astrachan Sacques,
Elegant Hudson Bay Sable Sets,
Elegant Mink Sable Sets,
Elegant Seal Skin Sets,
Elegant Royal Ermine Sets,
Elegant Black Martin Sets.

Fitch, Squirrel, Alaska, etc., and all the grades of FURS manufactured.
Our Goods are the Very Best, and we guarantee to sell at New York and Philadelphia prices. ROBES, of all kinds. FURS, GLOVES, GAUNTLETS and MUFFLERS in great variety.
no10:b75-MWF

## FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

## GRATES.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
WELLMAN PATENT
*Reflector Stoves*
AND
GRATES,
KELL'S PATENT
IRON HEARTH,
The Anchor Sad Iron,
FIRE IRON STANDS, &C.

The Reflector is the best and Cleanest Grate in existence. It consumes less fuel and produces more heat than any other. We challenge a trial.

The Iron Hearth Will be found more desirable and cheaper than either Marble or Brick.

THE GREAT REPUTATION OF THE
Anchor Sad Iron Has induced unprincipled parties to adopt our style with the intention of deceiving the public. We caution our customers and the public generally against this fraud.

Our Irons are all PLANED and bear the ANCHOR (our Trade Mark) on the upper side.
Samples of the Grates may be seen at BARNES', corner Third avenue and Market street. GOODWIN'S, 56 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,
Cor. Duquesne Way and Water Street,
PITTSBURGH.
se23,n61

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS
Great Annual
## CLEARANCE SALE,
AT
## HORNE & CO.'S
Penn Avenue Stores.
Extra Good Bargains
IN
EVERY DEPARTMENT.
*No Old Goods!*
STOCK
FRESH AND CHOICE.

In addition to our already large assortment we are in daily receipt of
NEW GOODS
ESPECIALLY SUITED FOR
Holiday Sales,
purchased during the past week in large quantities and at a great reduction. We will, during this week, be enabled to offer many unusually good bargains.

500 Lace Trim'd and Embroidered
LINEN SETTS,
65 and 75 Cents Each.
500 SETTS
At $1,00, $1,25, and Up.
1,000 DOZEN
Ladies' Handkerchiefs.
Hemstitched, Plain Hemmed, Embroidered, Initial, Sheer Lawn and Mourning Handkerchiefs. We sell an All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchief at 9 cents.
Extra Good Quality at Childrens' Handkerchie s at 3 cents and upwards.
200 DOZEN
Lace Trimmed, Patent and Real,
VAL. LACE COLLARS.
Low Priced to Finest Qualities.
An unusually fine and well selected stock of
RICH LACE GOODS
IN
Pointe Gauze,
Appl que,
Duchess and Honiton,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, Collarettes and Berthas,
AND A NEW LINE
Real Guipure Laces and Berthas
At a small advance on the original cost.
Crochet Scarfs, all widths,
New Roman Scarfs,
Hemmed Silk Scarfs,
Bows, Head Dresses, &c.
All the new and delicate shades of Gros Grain and Taffeta Ribbons,
Bonnet and Trimming Velvets,
Corded Satins, Trimming Silks,
Fringes, Gimps, Berthas, &c.
AT REDUCED PRICES.
SASH RIBBONS.
Black, Colored Gros Grain and Roman Sash Ribbons, at less than cost.
WOOLEN GOODS
Ladies' Hand-knit Hoods,
Cardigan Jackets,
Nubias, Scarfs,
Infants' Hoods, Sacques,
Cloaks and Caps,
Infants' Wool Mitts & Bootees,
AT LOW PRICES.
Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs.
Hemmed,
Hemstitched,
Initial and
Colored Bordered,
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
An All-Linen Hemmed Handkerchief, extra good, at 20 cents.
All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 25 cents.
Gents' White and Colored Silk Handkerchiefs.
Fine Wool Muffl rs.
Traveling Satchels.
Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas,
Spiral Shirt Studs,
Sleeve Buttons,
Silk Suspenders,
Fine Neck Wear,
White Shirts,
Linen and Paper Collars,
Smoking Caps, Dressing Gowns,
Slipper Patterns on Kid, Velvet and Canvas,
Lined and Fur Top Kid Gloves,
Real Buck and Castor Gloves and Gauntlets,
Kid Faced Driving Gloves.
Woolen Scarfs,
A great variety at 25 cents and upward,
Scarlet Wool Half Hose,
Fine Merino Half Hose,
Shaker Knit Socks for Men and Boys.
Extra Bargains in Men and Boys'
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
Domestic, Norfolk and
New Brunswick,
Cartwright and Warner's,
New British and American Hosiery Co.'s celebrated Underwear.
Scarlet and White All-Wool and Scotch Ribbed and Plain All-wool Shirts and Drawers, guaranteed not to shrink.
LADIES' BOULEVARD SKIRTS,
Embossed, Velvet Trimmed and Braided, very cheap.
A small lot Heavy Balmoral Skirts at 75 cents, worth $1.25.
Ladies' and Childs' HOSIERY
In Every Quality and Grade.
Fleeced Cotton,
Merino and Wool Ribbed,
3 and 6 Colored Balmoral and extra Quality Plain Wool and Merino Hose.
Everything in this department marked down to very low figures, and many lines at less than cost to close.
☞ An extra force of salesmen on hand to wait on customers, and all will receive prompt and polite attention. de6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
*Seasonable Goods*
AT
LOW PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
A LARGE STOCK OF
Black Dress Silks.
At $1,50,
Colored Dress Silks,
INCLUDING ALL THE
New, Winter, and Light Evening Shades
A CHOICE STOCK
BLACK ALPACAS
AND
Corded Poplins.
Plain and Fancy Dress Goods.
TYCOON REPPS,
Rich Figures, for Ladies' Wrappers.
ALL KINDS OF
Flannels, Cassimeres and
Waterproof Cloth,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
CLEARING OUT
SALE
AT
Auction Prices.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
Will offer, from and after this day, the balance of their stock of
Autumn and Winter
DRESS GOODS, &c.
At Prices to meet the wants of the Popular Trade.
Black Alpacas, Velvet Cloaks,
Pure Mohairs, Velveteen Cloaks,
Henrietta Cloth, Braided do.,
Cashmeres, Talmas, Talmas,
Merinos, Ottoman Shawls.
They also offer at reduced prices the entire stock of Velvets, Black Silks, Velveteens, Wool Shawls, Blankets, Flannels, Cloths, Cassimeres; in fact all stock distinctively
AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS,
It being their determination that prices shall be made, having in view an immediate clearing out of every lot.
Orders promptly attended to.
Moorhouse & Carsten,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
de1 PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEW
FALL GOODS,
AT
Macrum & Carlisle's,
27 FIFTH AVENUE.
New Embroideries and Laces,
New Gimps and Fringes,
Hosiery and Gloves,
New Shell and French Jewelry,
Ribbons, Scarfs and Sashes,
Zephyr Wool and Slipper Patterns,
Gents' Fine Shirts, Collars & Bows,
Undershirts and Drawers, complete line.
EVERYTHING
At Lowest Prices.
se26-MWF
CLOSING OUT
SALE
OF
BOOTS
AND
SHOES,
AT
F. A. KONOLD & CO.,
19 Fifth Avenue.
This entire stock must be closed out by the first of January. de9:24
LEATHER AND FINDINGS
JUST RECEIVED BY
Geo. H. Anderson & Co.,
128 SECOND AVENUE.
1,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
400 " Spring field Oak Sole;
100 Dos. French Calf and Kip of the most approved brands;
with a full assortment of Saddlers' and Shoemakers' Stocks, wholesale and retail. n2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
NEW GOODS
For the Holidays
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
Furs! Furs! Furs!
SHAWLS,
Cloaks and Sacques.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
MILLINERY GOODS.
Rich Sash Ribbons,
Plain and Roman Striped Scarfs,
Roman Striped Woolen Scarfs,
Broche Scarfs, all colors.
A complete stock of Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.
A large stock of Lace Handkerchiefs very cheap
Ladies' Plain Lawn and Fancy Handkerchiefs
Gents' Linen and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs.
Fine Handkerchiefs, highly perfumed, in Fancy Boxes.
Embroidered Slipper Patterns, Ottoman and Cushion Covers.
Lace and Crochet Tidies, and a large assortment of
Fancy Goods for the Holidays,
AT VERY LOW PRICES, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
"Absolutely the Best Protection Against Fire,"
OVER ONE THOUSAND
Actual Fires Put Out With It!
MORE THAN
$8,000,000.00
worth of property saved from the flames!
THE
BABCOCK

FIRE EXTINGUISHER
F. W. FARWELL, Sec'y,
656 Wabash Ave., Chicago.
In daily use by the Fire Departments of the principal cities of the Union.
The Government has adopted it. The leading Railways use it. Insurance Companies reduce rates where it is introduced.
☞ SEND FOR "ITS RECORD."
GEO. T. CARTER & CO.
General Agents,
67 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
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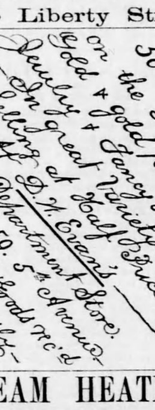
*The Triumph*
COOKING STOVES.
THE
Triumph and Jackson
COOK STOVES,
Used by thousands of housekeepers. There are no better operating or more substantial Cooking Stoves in the market. Warranted to Bake or Roast as well as any other make. For sale by dealers generally and manufactured by
BISSELL & CO.,
235 Liberty Street.


STEAM HEATING.
Craig Brothers,
129 SECOND AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
Are prepared to contract for heating with the unrivalled apparatus, public or private buildings by indirect or direct radiation.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gold's Patent Cast Iron Radiator.
Would refer to the following buildings heated by us:
PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE,
LIBRARY HALL BUILDINGS,
SEMPLE'S DRY GOOD HOUSE
ALLEGHENY COUNTY COURT HOUSE
SECOND WARD SCHOOL BUILDING.
With Numerous Private Buildings.
au28:s32-WF
STEAM HEATING
BY
High or Low Pressure.
Estimates furnished on application. Send for Pamphlet, with references, to
GEO. W. BLAKE,
215 Centre Street, New York.
oc7:d38
BAGS.
Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we are selling them at the old prices. We manufacture a Bag called the Philadelphia, a Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2½ and 3 bushels.
We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.
JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,
347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
At $5.50 and $6.00,
Silk Cloaking Velvets,
DECIDED BARGAINS.
At 90c., Black Waterproof Cloths, good quality.
At 60c., Japanese Silks, beautiful styles, a great bargain.
At 37½c., Satine Cloths, all the new winter shades.
At 25c., Heavy Double Warp Poplins.
At 25c., Fine Striped Poplins, in extra bargains.
At 20c., Tycoon Repps for Wrappers.
At 25c., Fine French Chintzes, rich styles.
At 12½c., Good Styles Delainer, best cloths.
At 10 Cents,
FAST COLORED PRINTS.
All the Best Makes and Styles.
At 6¼ and 8½c., Good Fast Colored Prints.
At 12½c., Plain Gray Carpet.
At 12½c., Bookfold Barred Flannels.
At 25c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels, extra good for the price.
At 50 and 60c., All Wool Shoulder Shawls.
At $1 and $1.25, Balmoral Skirts, extra heavy.
At $1.50 and $2, All Wool Felt Skirts, Printed Borders.
At $2, Fine Felt Skirts, Velvet Trimmed.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
Lane & Bodley,
JOHN AND WATER STREETS,
Cincinnati, O.
Manufacture Stationary and Portable
STEAM ENGINES.
Boilers and Mill Work.
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS
With Solid Iron Frames, Wrought Iron Head Blocks and Friction Feed.
Lath and Shingle Machines,
WOOD WORKING MACHINERY,
SHAFTING,
Hangers, Pulleys and Couplings,
SAFETY POWER ELEVATORS.
Our designs, Patterns, Tools and Facilities are the most COMPLETE and EXTENSIVE in the country, enabling us to produce the BEST WORK at the LOWEST PRICE.
Illustrated Catalogues and prices furnished free on application to
no-s57-TTH-eowF LANE & BODLEY.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian
HAIR
RENEWER.
PHYSICIANS AND CLERGYMEN
Testify to its merits in restoring GRAY HAIR to its original color and promoting its growth. It makes the hair soft and glossy. The old appearance is made young again. It is the best
Hair Dressing
ever used. It removes Dandruff and all Scurvy Eruptions. It does not stain the skin.
Our Testimonials on the Wrapper free by mail. Beware of the numerous preparations which are sold upon our reputation.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists.
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
de6:MWF-T Wholesale Agents.
VICK'S
Floral Guide
FOR 1872.
Over ONE HUNDRED PAGES—printed in TWO COLORS, on superb TINTED PAPER—FOUR HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS OF FLOWERS, PLANTS and VEGETABLES, with Descriptions, and TWO COLORED PLATES. Directions and Plan for making Walks, Lawns, Gardens, &c. The handsomest and best FLORAL GUIDE in the World. All for TEN CENTS to those who think of buying Seeds. Not a quarter the cost. 200,000 sold of 1871. Address
no20:f 2-d&3 JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.
LUMBER! LUMBER!
IN YARD AND FOR SALE BY
L. WALTER & SON,
Nos. 169 and 263 RIVER AVENUE,
Eighth ward, Allegheny City.
750,000 feet Pine Boards and Plank.
725,000 feet Choice Dry Indiana Walnut B'

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
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IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
BANKERS.
We offer for sale the following desirable securities:
CITY OF PITTSBURGH WATER LOAN AND PENN AVENUE BONDS, bearing 7 per cent interest, at par and accrued interest.
PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE SIX PER CENT. BONDS, DUE IN 1887. First Mortgage on Turtle Creek Division, at 86 and Accrued Interest.
New Allegheny Valley Railroad Seven Per Cent. Bonds,
GUARANTEED BY PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, free from all Taxes now assessed or hereafter to be assessed, for sale at 90 and accrued interest.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
COR. FOURTH AVE. AND SMITHFIELD ST.

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS.
We offer for sale a limited amount of the new Bonds of the
Allegheny Valley Railroad Company,
bearing 7 per cent. interest, FREE OF ALL TAXATION. Principal and interest guaranteed by the
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES received in exchange at Market Rates.
N. HOLMES & SONS,
57 Market Street, Pittsburgh.
no22:f39

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,
BROKERS AND DEALERS IN
Bonds, Stocks and Mortgages.
Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Reliable Securities.
☞ Collection made.

COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD ST., and PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(SUCCESSOR TO S. JONES & CO.,)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood St.,
BANKERS,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS
On Most Favorable Terms.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
☞ Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.


## Finance and Trade.

NEW YORK, December 12, 1871.

The gold market was heavy throughout the day, closing at 109¾ to 109¾. Prices declined to-day on an advance in securities at London, especially in Government bonds. Loans from 7 per cent. gold per annum to 1-16 per cent. per day. Clearances about sixty millions. Governments opened heavy, and during the morning declined slightly; at close were firmer, and recovered the decline in the early part of the day. Stocks active and irregular, opening steady, but becoming weak on the first call, when prices declined ¼@1 per cent. took place, on the suspension of the Ocean Bank. The market was buoyant and more active late in the day, when the advance in prices ranged from ¼ to ¾ per cent. Lake Shore advanced 1¼ per cent, and Pacific Mail 1¾ per cent, and formed the chief features of the market. The advance in other active stocks averaged about 1 per cent. Money very easy, as from 2 gold for carrying stocks. State bonds dull and rather heavy.

Sterling Exchange 109.

Government Bonds.—Coupons: 1881, 117¾; 5-20s, '62, 110¾; '64, 109¾; '65, 111¼; do new, 113¾; '67, 113¾; '68, 113¾; 10-40s, 109¾; currency sixes, 113¾.

STATE BONDS—Mississippi, 98; Tennessee old, 65¾; new, 65¾; Virginia new, 67; old, 61; North Carolina old, 31; new, 34.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 68¾; Quicksilver, 33¾; Adams Express, 68; Wells Fargo, 56¾; American Merchants Union, 60¾; United States, 60¾; Pacific Mail, 48¾; New York Central, 94¾@95; Erie, 27¾@28¾; do preferred, 64; Harlem, 131; do preferred, 138; Reading, 114¾; Michigan Central, 118; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 94¾; Rock Island, 103¾; Northwestern, 84; do preferred, 86; Fort Wayne, 133¾; New Jersey Central, 111; St. Paul, 83¾; do preferred, 77¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 34¾; Toledo, 86; Fort Wayne, 96; Terre Haute, 18; do preferred, 50; Chicago and Alton, 116¾; do preferred, 118; Ohio and Mississippi, 34¾; C. C. C. & I., 97; Burlington and Quincy, 127; Lake Shore, 91¾; Panama, 183½; Illinois Central, 132; Union Pacific, 37¾; Central Pacific bonds, 108¾; Union, 91.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } TUESDAY, December 12, 1871. }

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gold | 109¾ | 5-20 Jan. & Jy.'65 | |
| U. S. 6s, 1881 | 117¾ | 5-20 Jan. & Jy.'67 | 113¾ |
| U. S. 5-20s '62 | 110¾ | 5-20 Jan. & Jy.'68 | 113¾ |
| U. S. 5-20s '64 | | U. P. R. R. | 84¾ |
| U. S. 5-20s '65 | 111¾ | C. P. R. R. | 93 |
| U. S. 10-40s | 109¾ | Cr. Pacifics | 113¾ |

—The Chicago Tribune, of Monday, says: There is almost nothing to note in connection with the money market except the continuance of the plethora of money seeking investment. Capitalists, however, are timid about letting money out in long investments, and the great bulk of the money is offered for short loans on collaterals or investment in bonds of one kind or another that can be readily turned into cash again. If the principles were thoroughly established of buying and selling real estate mortgages in this market as is to some extent now in New York, it would furnish occupation for a larger amount of the funds of private capitalists, and they would seek that class of investments instead of government bonds, which they less affect. The banks of this city now hold in the aggregate probably $5,000,000 more deposits than they did just before the fire. At the same time their loans have diminished so much that three or four of the leading banks have cash on hand and available for exchange to the full amount of their deposits.

—The Philadelphia Ledger, of Monday, says: There was no change to report in the money market on Saturday, which ruled comparatively easy, at 6@7 per cent. for loans on call to good houses, on Government collaterals. To outside operators, with large margins, anywhere from 7 to 10 per cent. is charged. On time, 90 days and 4 months' paper of high grades, 10@12 per cent.; lower grades and not so well known are unsaleable.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } TUESDAY, December 12, 1871. }

ASHES—Sold Ash, 4 cts for common and 4½@4¾ for refined. Pearls, 11 cts; Pots, 10. Nitrate Soda, 5 cts.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales of fair to medium at 50@55, and prime to choice at 60@65.

APPLES—The market is steady with reuglar sales at $2.50@3 per bbl for fair to medium and $3.50@4 for prime to choice. The stock in this market is indifferent in quality and a good deal of it in bad condition.

BUTTER—There is a continued good demand for the better grades and prime to choice roll is selling readily at 25@27. Common and medium butter continues slow.

BEANS—Quiet and unchanged; $2@2.50 per bushel, for common to prime navy.

BROOM CORN—We can report some arrivals, but very few sales; prices, however, are still maintained, 9@12 cts, the outside figure for prime hurl.

BREWAK—There is no stock in this market in hands of commission men.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales, in a jobbing way, at $4.50 per cwt.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@3.00 per bbl; Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.

CRANBERRIES—$12@14 for Jersey cultivated and $17 for Sackett's.

CIDER—There is a wide range in prices, as there is also in quality—we quote at $5@10 per bbl.

CORN MEAL—Sales of small lots at 85@90 cts per bushel.

CHEESE—Is generally reported quiet, but there is no change whatever in prices. Prime New York Goshen, 15¾@16; prime Ohio Goshen, 15@15½; Factory, 14@14½; Dairy, 13@13½.

CAMRON OIL—Is dull with a moderate jobbing trade, but there is no change to make in quotations; standard brands, in large lots, 21 cts—usual advance for small lots.

DRESSED HOGS—Coming in freely and the market is easier; sales at 4¾@5¼.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches, 10@10¾ for halves; 8@8¾ for mixed and 7@7¾ for quarters; apples, 7¾@8 for evaporated to choice.

EGGS—The arrivals of fresh eggs continue very light and are well readily at 35 cts—might bring 38. Pickeled eggs, 25@30, according to quality and condition.

FLOUR—The market is quiet and devoid of a single characteristic worthy of notice—the arrivals continue very meagre, and the stock is very much reduced. We continue to quote at $7@7.25 for good spring extras; $7.50@7.50 for good to choice red winter wheat and $7.75 for choice Minnesota baker's flour. Rye Flour $5.50.

FEATHERS—No. 1 live geese feathers, 75@77 cts in the trade—$2.50 in a retail way. Mixed stock quoted at 60@60 cts, according to quality.

GRAIN—There is considerable inquiry for car corn, and the supply in this market is very much reduced; may be quoted at 60@62½ by the car load. Shelled is also firmer and in light supply but unchanged, 63@65. It is expected, however, that there will be a glut as soon as the river opens, as dealers generally have been sending a good many sacks for it recently. Wheat continues scarce and firm; demand may be fairly quoted at $1.45@1.50 for fair to prime red, and 1.55 cts more for white—$1.50 is considered an outside figure for red, but we are cognizant of some sales having been made at that figure recently. Oats, quiet and unchanged; 42@45 for mixed to white, by the car load. Rye is reported quiet and unchanged—last sale reported was at 90; it is alleged, however, that it cannot be had from dealers from Chicago under 94. Barley is generally reported dull, but there is no quotable change in prices; we are reported sales at 80@85 for spring, according to quality, and 85@90 for fall.

GROCERIES—Our market is very dull, and no improvement is expected until after the 1st of January—trade is also reported very dull in the east. Some of our merchants are now in New Orleans, purchasing Sugar and Molasses; and it is hoped that they will be able to make a more profitable investment this year than they did last.

SUGARS—Refined—Standard Hards, 13¾; A, 13¾; B, 13¾; C, 12¾; Yellow, 12¾; Porto Rico Sugars—Choice, 11¾; Prime, 11; Good, 10¾. Cuba Sugars, 10¾@11. Demarara, 12¾@13. New Orleans—Choice, 11¾; Extra C, 11¾; Yellow, 11¾; C. C., 11¾; other grades, 9@11.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 21; Prime, 23; Good, 22; Fair, 21@21¾. Java, 29@30. Mocha, 30@31. Mocha, 45. Roasted Coffee, pure, 26. Lower grades, 24@26.

MOLASSES—Syrup & Elder's, 68. White Honey, 68. Lovering's, 60. Durant's, 68. Sugar Drips, 70. Brune's, 68; other grades, 55@65. New Orleans Molasses, old, 50@55. New crop, 65@68.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10; Good, 9¾; Fair, 8¾. Rangoon, 7¾ta, 8¾.

SPICES—Pepper, 24. Allspice, 18. Cassia, 5. Cloves, 25. Nutmegs, $1.40.

HAY—Within a couple of days light receipts and an average demand, the market is firm and prices higher; we are reported sales of baled at $23@24, according to quality. Despite an ample stock up prior to the suspension of navigation we know be able to make a little money, as there has been an addition of 41 tons to our list.

HERSE—Quoted at 2¾@2¾ cts.

HONEY—Sales at 25@30 cts.

HEMP—Kentucky rough, $165 per ton; single dressed, $240; Scutched, $190@195.

HOMINY—Is dull and nominal for the trade and $5.50 in a jobbing way.

LARD OIL—No. 1 extra, 82@85; No. 2, 80@ 90. Cincinnati Chamber winter strained, 88@90.

LIME—Perrysburg white, $2.00@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $1.75.

MILL FEED—Quoted at $20@21 per ton for fine; $24@26 for seconds, and $33@36 for Middlings.

NUTS—Chestnuts, very dull; $3.00@3.25 per bushel. Walnuts, 4@5. Shelbarks, $1.40@1.50.

ONIONS—Dull but unchanged; common reds, $2.50@2.75 per bbl; Silver Skins, $3@3.25.

PROVISIONS—Plain Hams, Sugar Cured, ribbed sides, 8; short ribbed sides, 8¾; clear sides, 9; sugar cured shoulders, 6¾; sugar cured hams, 12½@13; Lard, in tcs, 9¾@10 cts. Mess Pork, $14. Breakfast Bacon, 10. Dried Beef, 16.

POTATOES—The receipts are reported dull, and a good deal of the stock offering is stale and in bad order. Live Chickens, 45@50 cts per pair; dressed, 11@13 cts; Turkeys, 75 cts to $1 each; dressed, 14@16 cts. Ducks, 13@15 cts, dressed.

POTATOES—The arrivals continue very meagre, and the stock in this market is very much reduced; sales in store, of small lots, at 75@80 cts, and for carload lots at 95@$1 for prime Lake Shore Peach Blows.

RAGS—Sales, 4@4¼ cts per lb.

RICE—Is dull and weak, in consequence of a reported decline in the east; we continue to quote at $6.00@6.25 buying, and $6.50@6.75 selling. Timothy Seed, $3.00@3.50.

FLAXseed is in steady demand at $1.80.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.80, by the car load, $1.90 in small lots and $2.00 per bbl.

SHAKER GREEN—Quoted at 2½ cts per lb, or $80 per ton.

TURNIPS—Very dull; quoted nominally at 35@40 cts per bushel.

WELLS' OIL—Stock almost used up, with none to come in until new crop; selling freely at 100.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } TUESDAY, December 12, 1871. }

The market continues quiet, and presents but little that is really new or important. There is little or nothing doing in the way of new business; however, operators generally are busily engaged in settling up the business of the year, which is so near at a close. Crude spot, 11 cts; seller December, 11; buyer, 11¼; Parker is offish; spot, $3.05; lines first three months of next year, $3.00. Refined—December, 22¾; January, 22; January and February, 22¾; January to March, 22¾.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

| | |
|---|---|
| Brilliant O W, account Wilkins | 216 |
| Vista O W, account T P Miller | 304 |
| Keystone O W, account T King | 224 |
| Brilliant O W, account J Bushnell | 304 |
| Standard O W, account B S Duncan | 148 |
| Cosmos O W, account H McKelvy | 308 |
| Brilliant O W, account Wilkins | 304 |
| Keystone O W, account J Bushnell | 74 |
| Riverside O W, account Elkins, B & Co | 148 |
| Allegheny O W, account H W C Tweddle | 304 |
| Total | 3,568 |

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R. December 9.

Forsyth Bro. 865 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, F. & Co., 668 bbls re., oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

Standard Oil Co., 147 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston Bros, 150 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

John Spear & Co., 155 bbls refined oil to Warding, K & Co., Philadelphia.

M. F. Rier & Co., 419 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Philadelphia.

Kirkpatrick & Lyons, 52 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Philadelphia.

J. A. McKee & Son, 112 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Co., 52 bbls refined oil to Tack, Bros & Co., Phila.

Neeper, Orchard & Molasses, old, 50@55. New crop, 65@68.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10; Good, 9¾; Fair, 8¾. Rangoon, 7¾ta, 8¾.

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Citizens Oil Co., 52 bbls refined oil to Tack, Bros & Co., Phila.

John Spear & Co., 155 bbls ref. oil to G. W. White, Harrisburg.

Total ..... 2,675 bbls.

December, 11.

Citizens Oil Co. 470 bbls refined oil to Tack Bro & Co., Phila.

Forsyth Bro. & Co., 156 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total ..... 626 bbls.

SHIPMENTS OF CRUDE OIL from all points on A. V. R. R. eastward rin. W. P. R. R. during the week ending December 9, 1871.

| From | New York | Philadel. | Columbia | Baltimore | Other Pts | Total bbls. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Parker | 3,036 | 480 | 160 | 360 | | 3,676 |
| Scrubgrass | | 625 | | 625 | | 1,250 |
| Foster | | 480 | | 3,360 | | 3,840 |
| Franklin | | | | 1,443 | | 1,443 |
| Emlenton | | | | 160 | | 160 |
| Total | 3,516 | | | 6,066 | 160 | 9,732 |

[By P. & A. Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, December 12, 12:5 P. M.—December 22¾@22¾c; January and February 22¾@22¾c. March 22¾c.

12 P. M.—December 22¾@22¾c; January 22¾c; February 22¾c. Crude 12¾c.

NEW YORK, December 12, 12 M.—Market dull but with fair prices; refined held firm at 24c for spot. Weiser of no transactions. Crude nominal at 12¾c; sold at 13¾c; lines offered at 13¾c. Nothing doing.

PLEASANTVILLE, December 12, 11:10 A. M.—Market quiet at $4.00.

TITUSVILLE, December 12, 11:15 A. M.—Market quiet at $4.00.

OIL CITY, December 12, 11:15 A. M.—Market quiet at $4.55; no buyers.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, December 12, 11:20 A. M.—Market unchanged at about $4.60. No transactions.

TITUSVILLE, December 12, 12 M.—Market about firm at ten cents off yesterday's figures; spot and sixteenth delivery $4.50; seller year $4.30.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms, PITTSBURGH, F. W. & C. R. R.

cars.

Graff, B. & Co., m ... 3
Nimick & Co., metal ... 28
Hailman & H. metal ... 4
Nimick & Co. metal ... 1
Total ... 37

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

J. Moorhead, blooms ... 5
J Moorhead, metal ... 1
Boleman R. & Co., m ... 1
Total ... 7

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

J Moorhead, metal ... 3
Rees, G & Co, metal ... 2
Total ... 5

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.

Byers, McC & Co. ... 1
Byers, McC & Co. ... 1
Total ... 2

WEST PENNA. R. R.

Graff, B. & Co., m ... 3
Spang, C & Co., met. ... 3
Spang, C & Co. blms ... 1
Total ... 7

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co. metal ... 5
Hailman & H, metal ... 1
Wood, Son & Co, m ... 1
Total ... 7

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, December 12, 4:30 P. M.—Consols: money 92¾; account 92¾; 5-20's, '62, 92¾; do '65 90¾; do '67 90¾; 10-40's 90¾.

PARIS, December 12.—Rentes 56f 85c.

LIVERPOOL, December 12.—Cotton strong; middling upland 10d. Advices from Manchester are more favorable, but do not affect the market. California wheat 12s 8d; red winter 11s 7d. Flour 25s@29s. Corn 32s 6d. Peas 41s 6d. Mess pork 81s. Beef 77s 6d.

New York.

NEW YORK, December 12.—Cotton: demand fair and advanced; middling upland 20¾c. Flour less active; superfine western and State $5.35@5.60; common to good $5.60@5.65; good to choice $5.60@7.10; white wheat extra $7.05 @7.35. Rye flour and corn meal steady; $4.50@ 5.35. Corn meal quiet; $4.35. Whisky steady; $1.00. Wheat steady; spring No 2 $1.53@1.54; amber red western $1.58@1.60; amber $1.62@ 1.65. Rye firmer; Canada in bond 95c. Barley dull; No 2 round State 80c; Canada $1.25¾. Malt quiet. Corn dull; sales scarcely so firm; western mixed in store and afloat 78@79c; new 77¾@78c; white western 79c. Oats scarcely so firm; western and Ohio 50@51c; western store 54@54½c. Hay firm; shipping; $1.35 retail lots $1.50 @1.85. Hops firm. Coffee—demand fair and held firm; Rio 17¾@20c. Sugar dull; fair to good refining 9@9¾c; Cuba 9@9¾c. Molasses firm; New Orleans 50@58c. Rice firm at 8¾@ 9c. Petroleum—crude 13¾c; refined 24¾c. Turpentine very firm at 65@65¾c. Pork steady; new mess $19@19.25; prime $15; new prime $10.50@11. Beef dull; old mess $8@9; January and March $15. Beef and cut meats unchanged; middles firm; short clear 7¾c; long clear 7¾c. Lard quiet; No. 1 to prime steam 9¾@9¾c; carries kettle rendered 9¾c; December and January 9¾c. Butter steady; western 11c; State 22c. Cheese dull at 11@14c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, December 12.—Market quiet but prices dull; staple fabrics steady and firm, especially so for seasonable goods; Pepperell 9-4 fine brown sheetings 18¾c; do R 12¾c; do O 11¾c; do N 10¾c; do C 9¾c; do 7-8 4-4 8¾c; do 9-4 do 22¾c; do 10-4 do 37¾c; stark A 18c; American stripes 11¾@12¾c; Whittenden A A do 16c; Hamilton do 13@16c; Amoskeag corset jeans 13¾c; New Market bleached and colored do 12¾c; Kearsarge satteens and bleached jeans 15@15½c; Pequot colored do 14c; Sprague's fancy prints 11c; all other leading popular makes 11¾c; Amoskeag and Lancaster ginghams 15c; Glasgow do 15c; Gloucester do 11½c; for best styles Union do 12c; Hamilton tick 16c; Shetucket A 24c; Pearl River do 20c; Pittsfield do 8c; Willow Brook No. 1 do 24; worsted braids 55c for common and high colors; Lyman Manufacturing Co's and other popular brands, and 80c for best six cord spool cotton.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, December 12.—Cattle supply 4,112 or 226 cars against 190 cars same time last week; quality generally good; supply of Christmas cattle fair; market dull; prices 12¾ @30c lower; sales 121 Ohio steers, 1,184 to 1,655 lbs, $5.00@5.37½; 217 Illinois steers, 839 to 1,260 lbs, $4.32½@5.00; 150 Indians, 1,145 to 1,315 lbs, $4.50@5.40; 163 Christmas steers, 1,780 to 1,840 lbs, $6.00@6.60. Sheep: supply 2,500; market active; prices steady and firm; sales 811 Ohio sheep, 79 to 98 lbs, $4.45@5.25; 431 Michigan sheep, 76 to 93 lbs, $4.50@4.75; 102 Indiana sheep, 82 lbs, $4. Hogs: receipts 5,100; market active and prices unchanged, closing quiet with a downward tendency; sales 4,900 at $4.40 @4.60 for medium to choice.

WATERTOWN, MASS., December 12.—Beef cattle: receipts 967; buyers numerous, and there was a good demand for best kind of cattle; sales choice at $5.50@5.75; extra $6@ 6.25; first quality $5.25@5.50; second quality $7.50@8; third quality $5@7. Sheep and lambs: receipts 5,812; sheep still in active demand, and at the supply was not heavy the trade thereby sustained good; sheep were as high as last week; sales in lots at $1.75@5.00; extra $5.50@6.50.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, December 12.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and a shade lower; No. 1 spring $1.25; No. 2 $1.19¾@1.20; No. 3 $1.18; seller December $1.19¾@1.20¾; seller last half $1.20½; seller January $1.21¾; February $1.23¾@1.23¾. Corn: demand fair but at lower rates; No. 2 mixed 41¾c; rejected 39¾@39½c; January 42¾c; February 43@43¾c; April 45¾ @45¾c; May 48@48¾c. Oats dull and a shade lower; No. 2 32c; rejected 29c; January 32¾@ 32¾c; May 38c. Rye quiet and unchanged; No. 2 63¾c. Barley quiet and weak; No. 2 fall 62¾c; No. 3 53c; January 63@63¾c. Pork active and advanced; mess $13.10@13.20 for cash or December; seller January $13.35@13.50; February $13.70@13.90; March $14@14.05; April $14.30@14.37½; closed $14.30@14.37½ for month; $4.85@5.87 for good. Whisky drooping; one sale at 91c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, December 12.—Cotton active and advanced; low middling 19¼c. Flour steady at $6.00@6.75. Wheat: scarce and firm; Watt, Lang & Co: 1 car white Michigan at $1.46@1.48. Corn: demand good at full prices; 47@48c. Rye steady at 78@80c. Oats and barley no offer. Provisions steady. Lard: Groceries and oils unchanged. Eggs lower; 26c. Butter dull. Cheese firm at 20@25c. Pork firm; sales at 13.75; asking $14.00. Lard firm; steam 9c; kettle 9c. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 5¾c; clear rib and clear 6¾@6¾c. Bacon scarce and firm; shoulders 7¾c; clear rib and clear 7¾@7¾c. Hogs: demand fair and advanced, $4.50@4.75; the latter an extreme rate. Whisky dull and declined at 91c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, December 12.—Tobacco firm and active; sales 190 hhds, at previous quotations. Bagging dull and nominal; 14@15c. Cotton advanced; middling 19¾c. Flour firm; extra family $6.50. Grain quiet and firm. Wheat $1.35@1.50. Corn 55c. Oats 42c. Hogs active at $4.50@4.75. Provisions firm; mess pork, bulk and sugar cured, new, 14c. Whisky dull and declined at 91c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, December 12.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull but unchanged; amber Michigan $1.46; No 1 held at $1.45; No 2 $1.37. Corn firm; high mixed 50¾c; low mixed 49¾c; yellow 51c. Oats dull and unchanged; No 2 40¾c; Michigan 41c. Rye steady at $5.15¾. Clover seed steady at $6.60.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, December 12.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat firm; No 1 $1.43; No 2 $1.21¾. Oats droopy; No 2 35¾c. Corn in fair demand, but lower; No 2 mixed 41¾c. Rye declined; No 1 64¾c. Barley ill-defined; No 2 fall 62¾c. Hogs advanced to $3.90@4.20.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, December 12.—Wheat dull; no call for No 1; white Wilbur held at $1.47; No 2 $1.38. Corn firm; new 56c; ears 51c. Oats firm at 42c. Refined petroleum active and firm at 22¾@22¾c, car lots; crude firm at 5½@ 5.10.

Detroit.

DETROIT, December 12.—Wheat dull and declined; extra $1.50; No. 1 white $1.45¾; No. 1 amber $1.40. Corn firm at 54c. Oats active and advanced at 41@42c. Dressed hogs, all weight, $5.25. Clover seed $6.50.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, December 12.—1 pkge dried peaches, 29 sks buckwheat flour, 3 dressed hogs, J B Canfield; 3 bbls alcohol, J Henderson Bro; 1 do alcohol, W L Jones; 10 bbls gin, Schmidt & Friday; 10 do alcohol, 50 do high wines, M McCullough & Co; 17 pkgs pickles, B W Garrett; 2 cars barley, P Duff & Son; 50 bbls high wines, John McCullough; 5 cars scrap iron, G N Hoffstott; 50 bbls broom handles, H R McClelland; 4 bbls spirits, 1 do alcohol, Jas Smith; 35 bxs soap, 10 do candles, Jenkins; 55 pkgs mdse, S H Baird; 30 sks b w flour, Jas O'Herin; 578 bxs starch, D Rumbo; 3d bags, J P Hanna & Co; 6 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 56 sks rags, House, H & Co; 2 pkgs lard, 2 do butter, 1 do eggs, Houck & Co; 10 do broom corn, John Porterfield; 2 pkgs poultry, 4 do butter, Voigt, M & Co; 8 tubs butter, 9 kgs apple butter, 2 kgs lard, J O'Brien; 2 wgns mdse, Jas Smith; 50 bbls whisky bbls, Jas S Finch & Co; 14 bbls apples, Armstrong & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, December 12.—23 bales cotton, O M Harper; 1 car barley in sacks, 2 cars bulk oats, 5 tubs butter, W H Duff & Co; 1 car bulk barley, P Duff & Son; 161 bags dried fruit, 66 sks dried peaches, Isaiah Dickey & Co; 28 sks dried peaches, Van Gorder & Co; 100 bags oil cake, Watt, Lang & Co; 10 bbls spirits, Fred Evert; 35 kgs pigs feet, Rees Owens; 10 sks feathers, Eyth, Frew & Co; Phila; 1 car wheat, H J McCracken; 50 bbls flour, 185 sks flour, 15 sacks meal, 10 sks meal, Lubbe & Bro; 1 car bulk barley, M F Rier & Co; 1 car wheat, P Duff & Son; 134 sks barley, Robb & Co; 46 bales cotton, O M Harper; 156 sks oats, Van Gorder & Co; 2 bales cotton, Holmes, Bell & Co; 44 bales cotton, Kennedy, C & Co; 2 cars barley in sacks, W H Graff; 170 sks oats, Wm Welsh & Co; 1 car hay, O H Allerton; 1 car bulk barley, J N Straub; 280 sks malt, Pier, D & C.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, December 12.—1 car oats, corn and apples, J A Heckler; 101 bags barley, W Mc-Kim; 10 bxs farina, Braden & Co; 5 bbls oat meal, Watt, Lang & Co; 10 bbls flour, Patton & Co; 3 dressed hogs, J Manns & Co; 1 car bulk barley, Wm Welsh & Co; 2 cars wheat, Marshall, Kennedy & Co; 130 sks clover seed, Allen, Rogers & Co; 500 bbls salt, H C Chase; 4 dressed hogs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 10 bbls lanterns, Mutual Glass Co; 158 bgs wheat, 15 bgs rye, Thompson & Wm, 15 bbls lard oil, A V R R; 10 cases honey, Van Gorder & S; 35 do cheese, H Riddle, Son & Co; 5 bureaus Crawford & Rose; 100 do do, Hippley & Son & Forrester; 40 do ink, R S Davis; 6 bureaus, Close, S & Co; 21 bbls grain, Wallace & R; lot scrap iron, Brown & Co; 5 bbls lard oil, H Pflaum; 2 bxs cigars, Carter, Bro & Co; 2 do do do, Wm Cooper & Co; 18 rolls paper, West & Hanna.

ALLEGHENY STATION December 12.—2 cars lumber, J McBriar; 2 d hogs, J Herbert; 1 car lumber, Reynolds, Ford & Co; 1 car lumber, Ortleib & Co; 21 cars shorts, M Steel & Son; 4 dressed hogs, C H Moriege; 3 cks cheese, B Happy; 8 bbls corn meal, Hippley & Son; 4 sks wheat, Gilmore & Co; 1 cooperage, J M Hemphill; 1 car lime, A G Neff; 1 car lumber, W McCreery; 5 bbls flour, W C Rhodes; 100 do do, H Knox & Son.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, December 12.—20 sks wheat, Marshall, Kennedy & Co; 10 do do, 31 do rye, 87 do oats, Scott & Gisel; 6 d hogs, J P Hanna & Co; 3 do do, J & A Dietz; 10 do do, owners; 10 baskets and 1 crate do, John Kletzel; 1 keg butter, Houck, Jamison & Co; 1 bbl do, W Loran; 2 pkgs do, H Gerwig & Son; Market goods, Gager & M; 6 cars F Iron, Graff, B & Q R R Co; 32 cars coal, Armstrong, D & C Co.

WEST PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY, December 12.—Local.—2 cars barley, Straub & Co; 124 sks wheat, 18 do oats, Laing & McKallip; 3 sks yarn, McCracken & Co; 14 sks flour, H Gallagher & Co; 1 car wheat from Rogers & Co; 71 hrs wheat, Gilmore & Co; 10 bbls whisky, F Kelser; 2 cars lumber, Reed Bro.

Through.—17 pkgs confec. Hanl & Hetzell; 12 pkgs pickels, J Kohen; 4 do do, W Sedden; 3 do confec, J McClung; 5 bbls sugar, R Carson; 2 pkgs d goods, J Regan.


PROFESSIONAL.

UNITED STATES
Law Association.
PITTSBURGH BRANCH,
No. 96 Fifth Avenue.
J. M. GAZZAM,
Director for Pennsylvania.
☞ Collection, trade and Legal Business attended to every here. oc31

W. H. M'GARY,
Attorney-at-

# HOME NEWS.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of eligible rooms for rent on Smithfield street.

**McIlwaine's Stock Sales.**—The following stocks were sold last evening by A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer, at his Stock Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:

Germania Savings Bank ($50 paid in).....$480
Monongahela Insurance Co. ($40 paid in).....35

**The Pulpit and the Pew.**—The *Pulpit and the Pew*, published monthly by E. Goodenough & Co., 122 Nassau street, New York, contains many things that will prove alike profitable to pastors and congregations, many of whom will no doubt avail themselves of its useful hints. Discount to clergymen.

**A meeting** in favor of the Religious Amendment to the Constitution of the United States will be held in the First Presbyterian church, (Rev. Dr. Scott's,) on Thursday evening, December 14th, at 7½ P. M. Hon. F. R. Brunot will preside, and Rev. Dr. McAlister, Secretary of the National Association, and other gentlemen will address the meeting. 2

**Seriously Injured.**—Yesterday, a man who was engaged in laying the track for the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, in South Pittsburgh, was seriously injured. He was working near a stone wall, about twenty feet high, from which a plank fell, striking him and knocking him to the ground. At last accounts the injured man was doing well.

**Attempted Suicide.**

Yesterday afternoon, Jacob Appy, who has been confined in the Allegheny lock-up for several days past, for insanity, attempted to commit suicide by hanging himself to the bar of his cell door. He was discovered in time, however, and cut down. He expressed a determination to put an end to himself, and as a precautionary measure he was searched and everything taken from him, by aid of which he could accomplish his design.

**Post Office Robbery.**

Yesterday afternoon Detective Pender arrived from Altoona, having in custody Thomas Riley who is charged with being implicated in the robbery of the postoffice at Tyrone. The accused was seen in the company of two other men who are connected with the robbery, but who have not yet been arrested. He had a hearing before Commissioner M'Candless, which resulted in his being held to bail in the sum of $5,000. In default he was committed to jail.

Lindsay, who was arrested first, had a hearing, but the evidence showed him to be entirely innocent and he was honorably discharged.

**Capture of a Horse Thief.**

A man named Charles Croft was arrested by officer Laverty, of Mayor's Callow's police, on a charge of stealing a valuable horse from Mr. Goss, a resident of McClure township. Croft had been in the employ of Goss, but for some cause was discharged last week. Yesterday morning Mr. G. missed a horse valued at $400. The thief was traced to Allegheny. Information given to the police, and Croft arrested while in the act of trying to sell the animal to an express company. The horse was returned to the rightful owner, and the thief placed in the lock-up. Croft will have a hearing before the Mayor this morning.

**Coroner's Inquest.**

Yesterday morning Coroner West held an inquest on the body of John H. McDonald, mention of whose death on the Connellsville Railroad was made in yesterday's GAZETTE. The jury returned a verdict to the effect that the deceased came to his death through the negligence of the yard master in permitting the shipping engineer, with engine and train, to remain on the main track, knowing that the accommodation train west was on time and would arrive in a few moments. The deceased resided at Brady's Bend, where his wife and three children now live. The body was sent to Tyrone, where the mother of deceased resides, for interment.

**Market Superintendent**

In the installment of Major Kilgore as County Treasurer, the city loses an able and efficient Market Superintendent. There are, however, several capable and trustworthy gentlemen after the position, and it will be for the Republicans of the incoming Councils to select Mr. Kilgore's successor. Among the names mentioned for the position, we may favorably mention that of our friend Joseph Caskey, of the Sixth ward. Mr. Caskey has for several years filled the position of Councilman, and has given satisfaction by his attention to the duties devolving upon him. Should he be so fortunate as to secure the Market Superintendency, we doubt not but that he will give satisfaction there also.

**Accidental Shooting.**

On Monday afternoon James Dickson, son of Mr. Robert Dickson, a resident of Sewickley, while out gunning, met with an accident which ended his life. While crossing a fence the top rail turned with the unfortunate young man, and threw him to the ground, both barrels of his gun were loaded with shot, and almost the entire charge was lodged in his stomach and bowels. Notwithstanding the fatal character of the wound, the injured man retained his consciousness and walked three-fourths of a mile to the house of a colored man, where he obtained assistance, after which young Dickson was removed to his father's house. Death ensued about twelve o'clock Monday night. The deceased was twenty years of age.

**Escape and Recapture.**

Yesterday morning at about eight o'clock the turnkey of the work house went into the barber shop with a discharged prisoner, to get him his clothing. The turnkey left the key in the cellar which he should have taken to the office, locked in a small cupboard in the hall, forgetting it, in the hurry of the moment. Five men, Martin Brawdy, Michael Harrington, Henry Klette, a man named Stewart and another named Lewis, saw what had been done with the key, broke open the cupboard, took out the key, unlocked the cellar door and passed down into the paint shop. There they broke a window and made their escape. Shortly afterwards all the men except Lewis were recaptured by the officers of the work house, near Sharpsburg. Lewis made sure his escape, and Superintendent Cordier offers a reward of twenty-five dollars for his arrest. All the men except Brawdy were court prisoners.

**For the Holidays.**

As the holidays come round, the great question is, what to get for holiday presents. The sale of stock in "Arlington" presents an opportunity of providing a useful and substantial present, and one that every year will become more valuable.

To buy a share in this place, (which is only thirty dollars), and present it to a friend, will be a present that will be not only useful, but will be constantly increasing in value.

The opportunity of securing a lot at the price on which these are offered, and on terms so easy, brings it within the reach of all, and no one should let the opportunity pass unimproved. The extremely low price at which the stock is selling, and the payments, which are only five dollars cash and five dollars a month until paid, brings them within the reach of the poorest man in the city. And if the many thousands who are now living in small, crowded alleys and courts, would study their own interests and secure a lot in this place, they will certainly never have any cause to regret it. This stock is being rapidly taken, and as the place becomes more fully understood, it is constantly growing in favor. Call and see the plan of this beautiful plan of lots, and secure at least one share before they are all gone.

All information cheerfully given by calling on C. H. Love, Real Estate Broker, 58 Fourth avenue.

**THE McCABE WILL.**

**More Witnesses Yesterday—Important Witness Testifying—Father Hickey on the Stand.**

The McCabe will case, it is thought by competent authority, will come to an end sometime; in fact, there are cheering signs of that happy consummation even now. In the meantime, however, that our readers may keep the record straight, the testimony as taken yesterday is hereunto appended.

The hearing was resumed at nine o'clock yesterday morning, when

Mr. J. M. Pryor, Principal of the Second ward schools, was put upon the stand and testified to conversations he had with Mr. McCabe during the summer of 1870. He (Pryor) occupied a residence adjoining that of McCabe, and Mr. McCabe often in the afternoons during the pleasant weather, sat upon the "back porch," on one occasion they talked together about two hours and a half, and he (Pryor) had no other impression than that Mr. McCabe was of sound mind; every expression and regard was full of meaning; these conversations were principally in the month of June, 1870.

Very Rev. Father Hickey sworn—I knew James McCabe; do not recollect seeing him on the 10th of October 1870.

McClure, counsel for execution, offered the records of the Recorder's office vol. 95, page 369, mortgage of Mrs. Ann McCrystal to Jas. McCabe for the payment of $4,475; in two equal annual installments, and also a marginal entry of satisfaction in full by James McCabe Oct. 10th, 1870.

Question—Were you present when this entry of satisfaction was made?

Objected to by Mr. Mitchell as irrevelant, and not rebutting testimony.

Answer—I was present when the book was presented for satisfaction, and saw Mr. McCabe sign his name; cannot say whether he was in his right mind or not; he was requested to sign and he did it.

Q.—Did you or did you not at the time see or hear anything which led you to believe that he was not competent to perform the act?

Objected to by Mitchell as a leading question.

A.—From his general debility, I could easily infer that his mental powers were failing.

Q.—Please answer the question as put.

A.—Well, I saw evidently from his bodily infirmity that he performed the act with difficulty.

Q.—Please answer the question as to mental not physical capacity.

A.—As to the amount of Mr. McCabe's mental ability I cannot say anything, except what I have heretofore said.

Q.—Who beside yourself was present when this satisfaction was entered?

A.—I do not now recollect of any person being present except the officer who brought the book for signature.

Q.—In what place was this entry made?

A.—In Mr. McCabe's house.

Q.—Was the money paid to Mr. McCabe?

A.—The money was paid as well as I can recollect to Mr. Hawkins, Mr. McCabe's attorney *at that time*.

Q.—By whom was the book taken to Mr. McCabe's house?

A.—By one of the clerks in the Recorder's office.

Q.—At whose request?

A.—At the request of Mr. Hawkins on *my suggestion*.

Cross-examined—Question by Mr. Mitchell. Have you anything further to state in regard to the mental or physical condition of Mr McCabe at the date of that satisfaction?

A.—Nothing more than what has been already stated, that he was feeble both in mind and body.

*R. H. Miller, sworn*—Am transcribing clerk in the Recorder's office; have been there over two years; I know Mr. S. H. McKinley, formerly a clerk there; he is dead; he died about merly a clerk there; he is dead; he died about six weeks ago; am well acquainted with his signature. (Looked at satisfaction of mortgage of James McCabe against Mrs. Ann McCrystal, referred to in Rev. Hickey's testimony.) That signature is in the hand-writing of Mr. McKinley; he is now dead.

The hearing then adjourned.

**All Soldiers,**

Sailors and Marines are requested to call at our office immediately.

B. F. BROWN & CO.,
corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, second floor.

## ELECTIONS IN ALLEGHENY.

**A Quiet Day Around the Polls—Mayor Callow Handsomely Endorsed—The Result in the Wards—The Fight Over the Council Tickets —Some of the Regulars, Beaten—The Full Returns.**

The municipal election occurred in Allegheny yesterday and passed off in the most quiet manner,—although in some of the wards there were brisk contests over some of the minor offices. In the first ward the contest was on the Select Council ticket and School Directorship, but in both instances the regulars were successful. In the Second ward the Independent candidate for Alderman turned the tables on his opponent by a handsome majority. In the Third ward the Independent candidate for Select Council also came off victorious, which is the second time this gentleman has repeated the operation. In the Fourth ward the "Citizen' ticket" was perhaps the most strongly urged, but as elsewhere, generally it met with defeat.

The Mayoralty contest, as everybody expected, proved only to be a fight in name, and the triumphant manner in which Mayor Callow went through attests his popularity, and is a worthy compliment to his administration.

Herewith we give the full returns, commencing with

THE MAYORALTY VOTE.

| | Callow. | Dickson. |
|---|---|---|
| First ward | 431 | 59 |
| Second ward | 687 | 106 |
| Third ward, 1st precinct | 457 | 56 |
| Third ward, 2d precinct | 487 | 30 |
| Fourth ward, 1st precinct | 463 | 22 |
| Fourth ward, 2d precinct | 226 | 41 |
| Fifth ward | 402 | 56 |
| Sixth ward | 476 | 133 |
| Seventh ward | 389 | 13 |
| Eighth ward | 108 | 9 |
| Ninth ward | 150 | 57 |
| Total | 4,376 | 578 |
| Callow's majority | | 3,798 |

FIRST WARD.

| SELECT COUNCIL. | ASSESSOR. |
|---|---|
| Andrew D. Smith. 329 | John Siddons. |
| G. A. Young. 220 | ALDERMAN. |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | C. D. Smith |
| Samuel B. Smith. 543 | JUDGE OF ELECTION. |
| W. F. Hunker. 551 | Alex. Hanna. |
| SCHOOL DIRECTORS. | INSPECTORS. |
| For three years. | David Harker. |
| Dr. J. Hamilton. 530 | W. P. Bedell. |
| Henry M. Long. 531 | RETURN INSPECTOR. |
| For one year. | James Crawford. |
| A. F. Marthens. 472 | CONSTABLE. |
| C. E. Willis. 507 | James Cornelius. |
| J. B. Ingham. 87 | |

SECOND WARD.

| DIRECTOR OF POOR. | JUDGE OF ELECTION. |
|---|---|
| *Wm. Murdoch. 794 | C. W. Benney. 810 |
| SELECT COUNCIL. | RETURN INSPECTOR |
| *Wm. Stewart. 867 | *Thos. Pepperdine. 12 |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | *Nicholas Miller. 7 |
| *Alfred Slack. 789 | GENERAL INSPECTORS. |
| *T. F. Grubbs. 742 | *R. Dilworth. 122 |
| *Isaac Rigby. 784 | *S. Woods. 112 |
| B. Gray, I. 84 | CONSTABLE. |
| SCHOOL DIRECTORS. | *Hugh Mitchell. 838 |
| *Z. Gillespie. 794 | |
| *Jas. P. Sprague. 794 | *John Sterrett. 837 |
| ALDERMAN. | For High School. 11 |
| James Hunter, R. 226 | As't'nt High Sch'l. 4 |
| *Nathan Graham, I 525 | |
| H. Lacock, I. 98 | |

THIRD WARD.

| SELECT COUNCIL. | 1st Prec't. | 2d Prec't. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *John Huckenstein | 255 | 299 | 564 |
| N. H. Voegtly | 266 | 204 | 470 |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | | | |
| *T. Brown | 465 | 304 | 769 |
| *J. Stedeford | 326 | 248 | 574 |
| *J. Altvater | 376 | 280 | 656 |
| *S. Hastings | 318 | 242 | 560 |
| *W. Wettach | 328 | 248 | 576 |
| J. Stern | 198 | 283 | 481 |
| W. Miller | 129 | 319 | 448 |
| SCHOOL DIRECTORS. | | | |
| *F. Bockert | 434 | 449 | 883 |
| *F. Torrence | 440 | 470 | 910 |
| CONSTABLE. | | | |
| *P. Wills | 430 | 481 | 911 |
| H. Hess | 7 | 11 | |
| HIGH SCHOOL. | | | |
| For | 96 | 2 | 98 |
| Against | 85 | 211 | 296 |

JUDGE OF ELECTION.

| First Precinct. | Second Precinct. |
|---|---|
| *Arthur Hobson. 418 | G. Faas. 192 |
| | *W. P. Iff. 305 |

INSPECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| *David D. Hastings. 378 | *C. Raeder. 271 |
| *Joseph Eiton. 33 | R. Miller. 168 |
| A. Patterson. 18 | |

RETURN INSPECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| *S. F. Duncan. 393 | M. Siemon. 271 |
| | H. Hillenbrand. 167 |

ASSESSOR.

R. Ray, Jr. 60

FOURTH WARD.

| SELECT COUNCIL. | 1st Prec't | 2d Prec't | Total |
|---|---|---|---|
| *John Megraw, R. | 382 | 79 | 461 |
| C. Kopp, I. | 138 | 253 | 391 |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | | | |
| *Peter Walters, R. | 341 | 144 | 475 |
| *H. McNeil, R. | 341 | 125 | 466 |
| *Geo. Tomlinson, R. | 328 | 122 | 450 |
| *H. McDonald, R. | 339 | 119 | 458 |
| R. Steer, I. | | 104 | 104 |
| Park Painter, I. | | 100 | 100 |
| James Culley. | 383 | 201 | 201 |
| Wm. Reinicke, I. | | | |
| SCHOOL DIRECTORS. | | | |
| *J. Craig, R. | 338 | 135 | 473 |
| *R. C. Hunter, R. | 327 | 137 | 464 |
| *R. C. Loomis, R. | 328 | 133 | 461 |
| F. B. Cooper, I. | 307 | 203 | 510 |
| H. Lutton, I. | 191 | 204 | 395 |
| N. B. Hatch, I. | 184 | 187 | 371 |
| ALDERMEN. | | | |
| *R. Armstrong, R. | 335 | 88 | 423 |
| D. Mullen, R. | 158 | 144 | 302 |
| C. Wetershasen, I. | 144 | 212 | 356 |
| *D. Neillie, I. | 346 | 140 | 486 |
| ASSESSOR. | | | |
| J. Stevenson, R. | 275 | 135 | 409 |
| *J. Graham, I. | 244 | 187 | 431 |
| CONSTABLE. | | | |
| *E. Barker, R. | 315 | 102 | 417 |
| J. Wilkins, I. | 188 | 221 | 416 |

JUDGE OF ELECTION.

| First Precinct. | Second Precinct. |
|---|---|
| *T. Maghan. 314 | *J. Stevenson, R. 177 |
| J. S. Lare, I. 194 | L. Walters, Jr., I. 138 |

RETURN INSPECTOR.

| | |
|---|---|
| *W. Gardner, R. 310 | |
| W. H. Reel, I. 195 | |

RETURN INSPECTOR.

| | |
|---|---|
| *W. H. Parker, R. 320 | |
| W. Lutton, I. 188 | |

FIFTH WARD.

| DIRECTOR OF POOR. | ASSESSOR. |
|---|---|
| *Geo. Parkins. 500 | *Geo. Keyser. 515 |
| SELECT COUNCIL. | JUDGE OF ELECTION. |
| *A. Patterson, R. 515 | *W. D. Caughey. |
| W. Hunt, R. 282 | INSPECTOR. |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | *R. McDonough. 535 |
| *James Gilleland. 472 | Jas. Robinson. 29 |
| *W. C. Cooke. 506 | RETURN INSPECTOR. |
| S. A. Johnston. 305 | *M. McClinton. 523 |
| SCHOOL DIRECTORS. | Chas. Lightbill. 25 |
| *D. L. Patterson. 553 | CONSTABLE. |
| *J. C. Donaldson. 562 | *John Irwin. 538 |

SIXTH WARD.

| SELECT COUNCIL. | COMMON COUNCIL. |
|---|---|
| *John Phillips, R. 372 | W. Bowpottom, R. 266 |
| H. Faulkner, D. 368 | *J. Jones, R. 369 |
| | W. Logan, I. 344 |
| | H. Knox, I. 367 |

SEVENTH WARD.

| DIRECTOR OF POOR. | SCHOOL DIRECTORS. |
|---|---|
| *Martin Ley. | *J. Haworth. |
| SELECT COUNCIL. | *Sam. Ashworth. |
| George Oberr. 208 | J. Bert. |
| *Fred. Beilstein. 213 | JUDGE OF ELECTION. |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | Henry Martzolf. 143 |
| J. Boudwin. | *Pe. Saul. 240 |
| *W. C. Rea. | INSPECTOR. |
| ASSESSOR. | *George Kurtz. |
| *J. Loftus. | RETURN INSPECTOR. |
| | *Pe. Saul. |
| | CONSTABLE. |
| | Henry Schultz. 104 |
| | *J. Ehrhardt. 288 |

EIGHTH WARD.

| SELECT COUNCIL. | DIRECTOR OF POOR. |
|---|---|
| *Geo. Moul. 81 | *E. Kerr. 67 |
| J. S. Negley. 69 | J. J. Herman. 66 |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | A. Hoerr. |
| *S. Mollowitz. 87 | ALDERMAN. |
| J. C. Fischer. 85 | O. C. Oehmler. 69 |
| R. R. Reno. 67 | W. C. Kelly. 80 |
| Frank L. Himer. 57 | ASSESSOR. |
| SCHOOL DIRECTORS. | J. McDowel. 56 |
| *R. A. Burchfield. 80 | D. Crow. 3 |
| *J. C. Hubbard. 82 | JUDGE OF ELECTION. |
| *S. Wilhelm. 82 | D. F. Jackson. 85 |
| D. F. Jackson. 69 | J. Crow. 4 |
| Geo. McConnell. 65 | M. Krebs. 9 |

NINTH WARD.

| SELECT COUNCIL. | JUDGE OF ELECTION. |
|---|---|
| *Lewis Hilkey, R. 114 | John Wilson. 69 |
| Edward Jones, R. 528 | *Rich. Pepper, D. 109 |
| Rich. Lanigan, D. 81 | Dav. D. Davis, R. 27 |
| Christ'n Garner, D. 30 | INSPECTORS. |
| Jas. Shipman, R. 31 | *David Wal. Sr., D. 100 |
| *Ed. Sweeny, D. 99 | *David Davis, Sr, R 98 |
| COMMON COUNCIL. | Jno. Lanigan, D. 96 |
| *John Gault, R. 128 | G. Hutchinson, R. 37 |
| C. Hutchison, R. 97 | Chas. Weaver, D 32 |
| *Jno. Brexler, D. 98 | Frisbee Demings, R 27 |
| Jas. McChesney, D 34 | ASSESSOR. |
| Jas. Sands, D. 84 | David Davis, R. 104 |
| SCHOOL DIRECTORS. | *Jos. Callihan, D. 118 |
| *R. A. Davis, R. 130 | CONSTABLE. |
| *Chas. Kennedy, R. 157 | Sam'l Black, D. 110 |
| Jno. M'Dermoth, D 91 | *Jno. O'Brien, R. 123 |
| *Jno. Gault, R. 99 | |
| *Jno. Lanigan, D. 92 | |
| Wm. Tosh, D. 91 | |
| C. Hutchison, R. 3 | |
| Chas. Phillips, D. 35 | |

## ALLEGHENY COUNCILS FOR 1872.

Following is a list of Councils in Allegheny for the incoming year, 1872. Those marked with an asterisk (*) in Select Council are the new members—the others holding over:

**SELECT COUNCIL.**

| FIRST WARD. | SIXTH WARD. |
|---|---|
| S. C. Schoyer. | Jos. Kirkpatrick. |
| *A. D. Smith. | John Cochran. |
| SECOND WARD. | SEVENTH WARD. |
| Geo. R. Riddle. | *Gottlieb Wettach. |
| *Wm. Stewart. | Fred. Beilstein. |
| THIRD WARD. | EIGHTH WARD. |
| J. McBrier. | J. H. Morrison. |
| *J. Huckenstine. | *Geo. Moul. |
| FOURTH WARD. | NINTH WARD. |
| J. C. Patterson. | Louis Hilkey. |
| *John Megraw. | Ed. Sweeney. |
| FIFTH WARD. | |
| S. S. D. Thompson. | |
| *Alex. Patterson. | |

**COMMON COUNCIL.**

| FIRST WARD. | FIFTH WARD. |
|---|---|
| S. B. Smith. | James Gilleland. |
| W. P. Hunker. | W. C. Cooke. |
| SECOND WARD. | SIXTH WARD. |
| Alf. Slack. | J. Knox. |
| T. P. Grubbs. | SEVENTH WARD. |
| Isaac Rigby. | W. Wettach. |
| THIRD WARD. | J. Baldwin. |
| T. Brown. | EIGHTH WARD. |
| J. Stedeford. | S. McCloskey. |
| J. Altvatter. | J. C. Fisher. |
| S. Hastings. | NINTH WARD. |
| W. Wettach. | John Gault. |
| FOURTH WARD. | Joseph Dreger. |
| Peter Walters. | |
| H. McDonald. | |
| H. Reicke. | |
| Geo. Tomlinson. | |

**A. Van Fossan, Commission Merchant, No. 329 Liberty Street.**

Mr. A. Van Fossan, the Commission Merchant, on Liberty street, presents his card to the public in this morning's issue. Having had many years experience as a practical man, and dealer in country produce, respectfully solicits a consignment from the country trade. His facilities in disposing of consignments cannot be excelled in the city, and his honorable and square dealing has given him a name with our merchants and dealers that stands A. No. 1. Always correct, truthful and obliging to the trade, he has the esteem and confidence of our people. Dealers will consult their interest by calling upon Mr. A. Van Fossan, No. 329 Liberty street.

**A Model Jewelry House.**

That of Messrs. Scharnke and Will, No. 149 Smithfield street, corner of Sixth. The elegant assortment of jewelry, gold and silver ware, strikes the eye favorably, and the prices give infinite satisfaction to the purchaser. Those purchasing presents for intimate friends will do well to take a look, and price the wares, at this store before completing their purchases.

## ANNIVERSARY OF THE Y. M. C. A.

**The Meeting at Library Hall Last Night—Large Attendance and Interesting Exercises —Addresses by the Rev. F. A. Noble, Hon. Cephas Brainard, of New York, and H. R. Porter, Esq.**

The Annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, of this city, was held last evening at Library Hall, and was the occasion of the gathering of a large audience, although not so large as was the case at the last anniversary of the Association. Unlike last year, none of the seats in the hall were reserved, and this fact added somewhat to the general satisfaction expressed by every one last evening with reference to the success of the affair.

At a few minutes before eight o'clock, H. K. Porter, Esq., appeared before the audience and apologized for a slight delay in the commencement of the exercises of the evening, and announced that these exercises would be opened by the singing, by a choir who had kindly volunteered their services, of the anthem,

"Rejoice in the Lord, all ye people."

After the singing of the anthem, which was admirably rendered, the audience was requested to join the choir in the singing of the 100th Psalm, which had been printed on slips and left on the seats. The Psalm was sung to the old, familiar tune of "Duke Street."

The text for this the Rev. Wm. Preston, D.D., read from the Scripture a part of the third chapter of Paul's epistle to the Ephesians.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Woodburn, after which the choir sang the quartette, by Bissell, beginning

"There is a land where earthly woes
And earthly sorrows shall cease.
No sin shall grieve, no tear shall flow,
In that sweet land of rest and peace."

ADDRESS OF H. K. PORTER, ESQ.

H. K. Porter, Esq., President of the association, now delivered the opening address, in which he stated that he felt that the large audience present was evidence on the part of the public of interest and encouragement, and not merely of courtesy and kindness. He thought it more especially an endorsement of the efforts of the association which he represented. You have given a great work into our hands, said the speaker, and we appear to-night before you for the purpose of giving you some report of our efforts for the performance of this great work.

The speaker stated that the annual report of the Association would not be read, as had been the custom formerly, but it had been printed, and would be placed in the hands of those present, as they left the house, in order that they might take it to their homes and there read and meditate upon its contents and the great importance of the work in which the Association was engaged. The success of the Association in the past was a source of great satisfaction, and a cause for thankfulness, and yet it had not been what it ought to be, and what could be desired. A resume of the work which had been done and was doing was now given, and for further information the audience was referred to the printed report.

The hymn,

"Soldiers of Christ are we,
Fighting for victory—
Trusting for heaven;
In his bright armor drest,
His cross our chosen crest,
And in our hearts at rest,
His word is given."

Was sung to the tune of "America," after which

THE HON. CEPHAS BRAINARD,

of New York city, was introduced, and delivered a very interesting and able address. The speaker referred to the great importance of the work in which the Pittsburgh Young Men's Christian Association was engaged. The influence and power of this Association has not been confined to the city of Pittsburgh. The audience well knew that many similar associations had been organized, and to some extent, succored by this Association. But he could tell the audience something that perhaps comparatively few of them were aware of: the influence and power of the Pittsburgh Association was felt throughout the entire State of Pennsylvania. Every Association in the State seems to have caught, in some measure, the spirit of this Association. He could state—and he did not so state by way of compliment—that the influence of this Association went further than the boundaries of the State. It was felt in every International conference held year after year. The Pittsburgh Association was doing a good work by infusing the right spirit into the eight hundred Associations which dot this land from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The speaker referred to the great issues which were sent for and late the public mind. There were intemperance, the woman question, prison discipline, corruption, emigration—and on all these questions, and everywhere, *reform* was urged. The speaker stated that he had but little faith in any reform except that reform which worked a change of heart.

He wished to speak a word with reference to the importance of young men, and the great influence which they swayed in the community. They hold the balance of power, both socially and politically. How important it is then, that the influence of this large class of our communities should be turned in the right direction, and that the members of this class should be taught how to use this mighty influence. Teis was the province, to some extent, of the Young Men's Christian Association. Therefore he loved the organization, and loved to do something in the barness of such an organization. The Association was calculated to gather the muscular, manly, and vigorous Christians, who were not only ready to give of their money to the great cause of God, but were willing to take action of their time, or a portion of it, to the same cause. The work of the Association was calculated to bring out, and set to working, weak, timid young men; and the exercise of the talents of these young men, small and weak though they be, was calculated to strengthen their possessors, and at the same time accomplish something for the Master.

To young men of our land are divided into two classes, and I cannot better tell you how these classes are divided than by reading to you a little incident in the history of my own city—New York—a short time ago. I was passing through the streets of the city, on a Sabbath evening, and as I passed by one of the windows of two buildings, on opposite sides of the street, a principal was entered on the first. Here I found about twenty young men smoking, drinking and discussing the probabilities of the election that was to occur on the ensuing Tuesday. These represented the class that controls our elections. Passing on to the opposite side of the street, I witnessed another and quite a different scene. About a dozen young men were about a table engaged in prayer. Arising at the close of this they went forth with tracts in their hands, and words of cheer in their mouths. These were representatives of the second class, that represented by your Association here to-night.

The speaker, in closing, urged the importance of a *home* for the association, and trusted that ere another anniversary should be held, the corner-stone of such a building should be laid.

After the close of Mr. Brainard's address, the choir sang an anthem commencing

"O blest Creator of the light,
Who didst the dawn from darkness bring,
And in the heaven's glorious height
Didst bid the stars together sing."

THE REV. F. A. NOBLE,

Pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church, of this city, was next introduced, and delivered a brief but forcible address. He stated that he had long observed the workings of the Young Men's Christian Association, and he desired to bear testimony to the good work that was being done through its instrumentality. The religious press, the ministry, and the public at large, endorsed the Association; and yet the organization had been subjected to some criticism. It is said the young men make mistakes. Granted: but what class is not liable to mistakes? Where can the line be drawn? People object that young men are the greatest virtuosi of the young men, and one reason why they should be set to work. Their impulse should be turned in the right direction. The speaker thought the Association works outside the church. These people remind me of those who say that the Presbyterian church, or the Episcopal Church, or the Methodist Church is the only true Church, and that outside the pale of the favored Church no one can be saved. The Association represents the broadening of our ideas of Christianity—and this is one of the great works of the Association. The body of Christ—the true Church—is not composed exclusively of Baptists, of Methodists, of Presbyterians, of Episcopalians, of Lutherans or of Catholics: but I verily believe each and all these sects are represented in the *true* church. These sects are formed at considerable length of the work of the Association. The body of great works of the Association. The body of Christ—the true Church—is not composed exclusively of Baptists, of Methodists, of Presbyterians, of Episcopalians, of Lutherans or of Catholics: but I verily believe each and all these sects are represented in the *true* church.

## MONTHLY PETROLEUM REPORT.

**Total Daily Production, 17,672 bbls—Increase in Daily Production, 560 bbls—Increase in Stocks, 29,400—For the Month Ending November 30, 1871.**

We copy from the Titusville *Herald* the following condensed oil report:

The daily production of the oil region for November shows an increase over that of the preceding month of about five hundred barrels, or a total production of 528,661 barrels against 529,877 for the preceding month.

The following table shows the production for November.

| | BBLS. |
|---|---|
| Total shipment of crude for Nov. 1871, of bbls of 45 gallons each | 477,672 |
| Add to reduce to bbls of 43 gallons each | 22,198 |
| Total shipments of bbls of 43 gallons each | 499,251 |
| Stock on hand Nov. 1st | 568,574 |
| Stock on hand Dec. 1st | 537,974 |
| Add increase on Dec. 1st | 29,400 |
| Total production during Nov | 528,661 |
| Average per day for 30 days | 17,672 |
| Average per day in Nov. 1870 | 18,012 |
| Daily increase Nov. 1870, over Nov. 1871 | 340 |

THE DEVELOPMENT AND TERRITORY.

The following table shows the amount of oil in wooden or iron tankage at the wells:

| | BBLS. |
|---|---|
| Church Run, Titusville and vicinity | 4,350 |
| Pleasantville and West Pithole | 4,950 |
| Stamburgh Pet. Co.'s tract | 980 |
| Atkinson Farm | 175 |
| All other tracts on Upper Cherry Run | 3,100 |
| Davis & Burtis | 75 |
| Barnes' District, including Wrigglesworth, Tyrrell, Holman & Newkirk, Buchanan, Anderson and Carroll tracts | 1,100 |
| Nettleton District | 50 |
| Enterprise and vicinity | 1,600 |
| Pithole and vicinity, including the Ball, Million, Rooker, Morey, McKinney, Dawson, Black and Young farms | 1,500 |
| Cow Run and vicinity, including Clinton Oil Co.'s tract, Brough & Hydrick, Tom Tarr, Patterson and Caldwell tracts | 1,257 |
| Pierson Farm, Petroleum Centre | 253 |
| Hess Farm do | 189 |
| Niagara Farm, do | 360 |
| Woods Farm, do | 360 |
| Central Farm, do | 360 |
| All other tracts in Upper Cherry Tree Run | 4,120 |
| James McCray Farm | 1,852 |
| Wm. McCray Farm | 150 |
| Hyde & Egbert Farm | 210 |
| Cornen Farm | 1,400 |
| Kennan Farm | 1,400 |
| Tarr Farm | 921 |
| Columbia Farm | 6,354 |
| Blood Farm | 1,183 |
| Tarr Farm, do | 1,183 |
| Hyrad Farm, do | 360 |
| Steele Farm, do | 1,183 |
| A. Buchanan Farm, Rouseville | 1,183 |
| Buchanan Farm, do | 1,183 |
| John McClintock Farm, do | 1,183 |
| Mitchel Farm, do | 1,183 |
| Tolles Farm, do | 1,183 |
| Union, Brevort, Curtin and Smith tract | 228 |
| Robert Shaw Farm, do | 15 |
| Shaw Reserve Farm, do | 30 |
| Halston Farm | 10 |
| Main & White Farm | 14 |
| Smith Farm, do | 11 |
| Hood Farm, do | 15 |
| McClintock Farm, do | 21 |
| Cornplanter Farm, do | 21 |
| Clapp Farm, do | 25 |
| S. P. Petroleum Association Farms, Oil City | 48 |
| Charley Run, do | 61 |
| Shaffer Run | 145 |
| Hoffman Farm | 16 |
| Lockhart & Frew tract | 6 |
| Artesian Oil Co | 24 |
| All tracts in vicinity of Cranberry | 436 |
| Reno and vicinity of Allegheny river | 292 |
| Franklin, do | 4 |
| Petrolia and vicinity | 760 |
| Belle Island, do | 8 |
| Scrubgrass and vicinity, do | 110 |
| East Sandy | 276 |
| Parker's Landing and vicinity | 3,300 |
| Brady's Bend | 290 |
| New York & Allegheny tract, T. dioute | 180 |
| Triumph Oil Co | 415 |
| New York & Dennis Run, do | 113 |
| Tidioute & Warren, do | 100 |
| Economite Oil Co., do | 115 |
| Henderson, Baker & Alcorn, do | 156 |
| Forseman, do | 12 |
| Cleland, do | 10 |
| Allen, do | 30 |
| New London, do | 81 |
| Pithole and vicinity, including Bale, Million, Rooker, Morey McKinney Farms | 709 |
| Bean Farm and vicinity | 338 |
| West Hiskory district, including Justice, Squadies, Wilkins, Mc. Calmont, H. Scott, Royal Scott Reuben, Scott, Hoffman, Beatty Miles, Gillespie, Guild, Newell, McCalmont Farms | 4,320 |
| All Tracts not peviously included | 2,833 |
| Total | 17,672 |

PRODUCTION AND WELLS DRILLING.

The following table exhibits the production and number of wells drilling December 1st on the principal producing farms and tracts in the region:

| | Bbls. | Wells drilling |
|---|---|---|
| Church Run, Titusville and vicinity | 1,230 | 16 |
| Atkinson Farm, Shamburg | 41 | 1 |
| Salmon Farm, do | 82 | 1 |
| Shamburg Farm, do | 116 | 1 |
| Chicago Farm, do | 85 | 1 |
| C. Clark Farm, do | 85 | 1 |
| Salisbury Farm, do | 81 | 1 |
| A. Clark Farm, do | 70 | 1 |
| Independent tract, do | 110 | 2 |
| All other tracts and farms in vicinity of Shamburg | 108 | 3 |
| Getty Oil Co., Pleasantville, including Wrigglesworth, Tyrrell, Holman & Newkirk, Buchanan & Anderson and Carroll tract | 140 | 6 |
| Davis & Burtis tract, Pleasantville | 6 | 0 |
| Brown Bros., do. do. | 16 | 0 |
| Herbert & Vesta do. do. | 6 | 0 |
| Nettleton district | 32 | 1 |
| Lyle Farm | 80 | 2 |
| All other tracts in vicinity of Pleasantville | 240 | 3 |
| Enterprise and Colorado tracts | 174 | 16 |
| Cow Run and vicinity, Oil Creek | 75 | 3 |
| Foster & Gregg Farms do. | 13 | 0 |
| Pioneer and vicinity | 60 | 0 |
| Pierson Farm, Petroleum Centre | 90 | 0 |
| Hess Farm, do | 15 | 0 |
| Niagara Farm, do | 20 | 0 |
| Central Farm, do | 42 | 0 |
| Central Farm, do | 173 | 0 |
| Dempsey Farm, do | 20 | 0 |
| Brown Farm, do | 128 | 0 |
| James McCray Farm, do | 186 | 0 |
| Wm. McCray Farm, do | 70 | 0 |
| Hyde & Egbert Farm, do | 18 | 1 |
| Dalzell, do | 27 | 0 |
| Horton, do | 36 | 0 |
| Keenan, do | 18 | 0 |
| All other tracts in vicinity | 225 | 3 |
| Columbia Farm, Oil Creek | 306 | 1 |
| Blood Farm, do | 116 | 1 |
| Tarr Farm, do | 62 | 1 |
| Hyrad Farm, do | 126 | 2 |
| Steele Farm, do | 51 | 1 |
| A. Buchanan Farm, Rouseville | 102 | 0 |
| Buchanan Farm, do | 60 | 0 |
| John McClintock Farm, do | 90 | 0 |
| Mitchel Farm, do | 140 | 0 |
| Tolles Farm, do | 11 | 0 |
| All other tracts in Upper Cherry Tree Run | 228 | 3 |
| Robert Shaw Farm, do | 15 | 0 |
| Shaw Reserve Farm, do | 30 | 0 |
| Halston Farm | 10 | 0 |
| Main & White Farm | 14 | 0 |
| Smith Farm, do | 11 | 0 |
| Hood Farm, do |